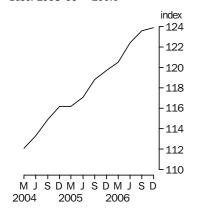


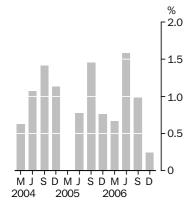
# PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) MON 22 JAN 2007

# **Final Stage**Base: 1998–99 = 100.0



#### Final Stage Quarterly % change



#### INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Lee Taylor on Canberra (02) 6252 6251.

## KEY FIGURES

STAGE OF PRODUCTION	Sep Qtr 06 to Dec Qtr 06	Dec Qtr 05 to Dec Qtr 06	
	% change	% change	
Final (Stage 3) commodities (excl. exports)	0.2	3.5	
Domestic	0.5	4.3	
Imports	-1.4	-1.5	
Intermediate (Stage 2) commodities	0.1	5.8	
Domestic	0.8	6.3	
Imports	-4.2	2.8	
Preliminary (Stage 1) commodities	-0.5	6.0	
Domestic	0.4	6.4	
Imports	-6.1	2.8	

## KEY POINTS

#### FINAL (STAGE 3) COMMODITIES

- The final (Stage 3) index increased by 0.2% in the December quarter 2006.
- The final (Stage 3) domestic index increased by 0.5%. Price increases in building construction and motor vehicle manufacturing were mostly offset by decreases in petroleum refining.
- The final (Stage 3) imports index decreased by -1.4% primarily due to decreases in the prices of imports of refined petroleum products.

#### INTERMEDIATE (STAGE 2) COMMODITIES

- The intermediate (Stage 2) index increased by 0.1% in the December quarter 2006.
- The intermediate (Stage 2) domestic index increased by 0.8% mainly due to increases in the price of outputs from metal ore mining industries
- The intermediate (Stage 2) imports index decreased by -4.2% due mainly to decreases in the price of products of oil and gas extraction, and petroleum refining.

#### PRELIMINARY (STAGE 1) COMMODITIES

- The preliminary (Stage 1) index decreased by -0.5% in the December quarter 2006.
- The preliminary (Stage 1) domestic index increased by 0.4% mainly due to price increases from property operators and developers.
- The preliminary (Stage 1) imports index decreased by -6.1% due to decreases in the price oil and gas extraction and petroleum refining products.

## NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES ISSUE (Quarter) RELEASE DATE

March 2007 23 April 2007 June 2007 23 July 2007

CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE There are no changes in this issue.

RELATED STATISTICS For more information about statistics in this publication contact Lee Taylor on Canberra

(02) 6252 6251, or email <lee.taylor@abs.gov.au>.

ABBREVIATIONS ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

ANZSIC Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification

c.i.f. cost, insurance and freight

f.o.b. free on board

n.e.c. not elsewhere classifiedn.e.s. not elsewhere specifiedSOP stage of production

Susan Linacre

Acting Australian Statistician

#### COMMENTARY

STAGE OF PRODUCTION OVERVIEW

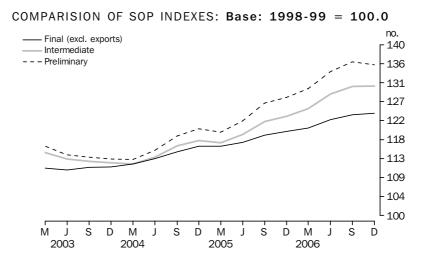
The final (Stage 3) and intermediate (Stage 2) stage of production producer price indexes increased in the December quarter 2006 by 0.2% and 0.1% respectively. The preliminary (Stage 1) index decreased by -0.5%. Through the year to December 2006 the final (Stage 3) index rose by 3.5%, intermediate (Stage 2) by 5.8%, and preliminary (Stage 1) by 6.0%.

All three stages of production were heavily influenced this quarter by falls in prices of outputs from petroleum refining or oil and gas extraction industries, or both. While decreases for these components affected all stages of production, their impact was more apparent in the imports component of each stage.

The increase of 0.2% in the final (Stage 3) index reflects an increase of 0.5% in the domestically produced items partially offset by a -1.4% decrease for imported stage 3 items. The most significant contributors for the domestic final stage were building construction and motor vehicles and parts. These increases were almost completely offset by decreases in petroleum refining and other agriculture products (includes bananas). The imports component decreased -1.4% predominately due to falling petroleum refining prices.

In the intermediate (Stage 2) index the 0.1% increase resulted from an increase of 0.8% in the domestic component and a decrease of -4.2% in the imported component. The most significant contributors for the domestic intermediate stage were metal ore mining, other agriculture, property operators and developers. These increases were partially offset by decreases in petroleum refining and oil and gas extraction. The imports component decreased -4.2% mainly due to falling oil and gas extraction, and petroleum refining prices.

The preliminary (Stage 1) index decreased -0.5% due to a decrease of -6.1% in the imported component, with an offset in the domestic component of 0.4%. The most significant contributors for the imported preliminary stage were prices of oil and gas extraction and petroleum refining. For the domestic component, the most significant price increases were from property operators and developers, grain, sheep and beef farming, and metal ore mining.



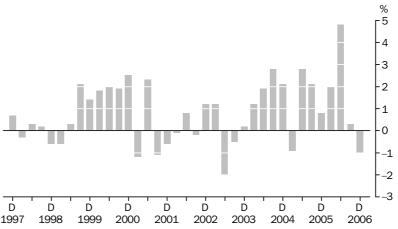
MANUFACTURING
INDUSTRIES PRODUCER
PRICE INDEXES

During the December quarter 2006, the prices paid by manufacturers for material inputs decreased by -3.0%, while the prices they received for their outputs decreased by -1.0%. The input price index increased by 6.3% through the year to December quarter 2006 and the output price index for the same period increased by 6.1%.

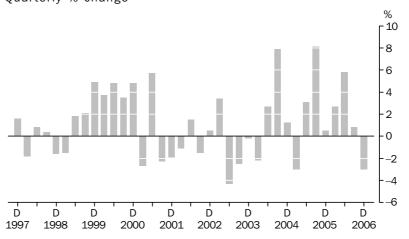
Decreases in the price of crude oil, cattle and calves, sheep and lambs and whole milk were the main contributors to the quarterly decrease for the materials used in manufacturing industries. Price increases for wheat and meslin and lead ores provided some offset to the price decreases.

Lower prices received for refined petroleum products were significant contributors to the decrease in the articles produced by manufacturing industries index for the December quarter 2006. These decreases were partially offset by increases in the prices of basic non-ferrous metals, meat products and bird and animal feeds.

# ARTICLES PRODUCED BY MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, All groups: Quarterly % change



MATERIALS USED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, All groups: Quarterly % change



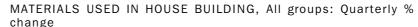
CONSTRUCTION
INDUSTRIES PRODUCER
PRICE INDEXES

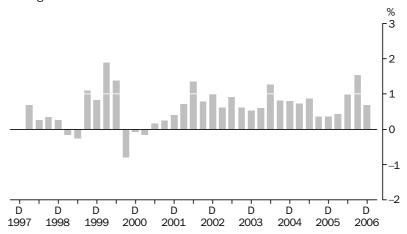
The price index for materials used in house building increased by 0.7% in the December quarter 2006, following a 1.5% increase in the September quarter 2006. The most significant increases were recorded for metal roofing, structural steel, copper pipework and aluminium windows. These increases were partially offset by falls in the price of structural timber and shower screens. The price of building materials used in housing in

CONSTRUCTION
INDUSTRIES PRODUCER
PRICE INDEXES continued

Sydney fell -0.3%, whereas the other capital cities recorded price increases, ranging from a 0.3% rise in Hobart to a 1.8% rise in Perth.

Through the year to December quarter 2006, the materials used in house building price index rose 3.7%.

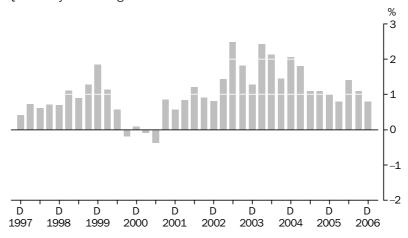




The price index for the output of the general construction industry increased by 0.8% in the December quarter 2006, and by 4.1% through the year to December quarter 2006. Increases were registered in the quarter for all component industries, with the index for non-residential construction the largest contributor, followed by house construction, residential building construction other than houses, and road and bridge construction.

Victoria contributed the most to the increase in the price index for the output of the general construction industry in the December quarter 2006, after a period of generally negative movements. This was mainly due to price increases for non-residential building construction. Western Australia and Queensland also recorded significant price increases. The contribution this quarter from New South Wales was negative due to decreases in the indexes for building construction.

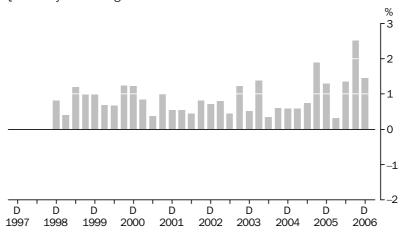
# OUTPUT OF THE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY, All groups: Quarterly % change



SERVICE INDUSTRIES
PRODUCER PRICE
INDEXES

The property & business services industries price index increased by 1.5% in the December quarter 2006 and by 5.7% through the year to December quarter 2006. The property services price index increased by 2.2% this quarter, with the most significant price increases recorded for commercial property operators and real estate agents. Through the year to December quarter 2006 the property services index rose by 8.4%.

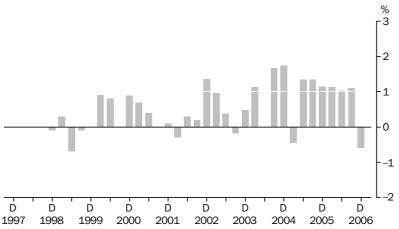
# PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES INDUSTRIES, All groups: Quarterly % change



The business services index increased by 1.0% in the December quarter 2006 and by 4.1% through the year to December quarter 2006. The main contributors to the increase were computer consultancy and contract staff services.

The transport (freight) and storage industries index decreased by -0.6% in the December quarter 2006. The most significant contributors to the price fall were road freight, scheduled international air transport and rail freight transport. These price falls were partially offset by increases in the prices of services to water transport and water transport terminal services. Through the year to December quarter 2006 the transport (freight) and storage industries index rose by 2.7%.

# TRANSPORT (FREIGHT) AND STORAGE INDUSTRIES, All groups: Quarterly % change



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	PRELIMINA	ARY		INTERMED	IATE		FINAL(b)		
Period	Domestic	Imports	Total	Domestic	Imports	Total	Domestic	Imports	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •
2002-03	114.3	117.4	114.6	113.6	112.1	113.3	113.7	97.5	110.5
2003-04	115.3	105.6	113.8	114.9	99.9	112.7	118.5	86.7	112.0
2004-05	121.1	115.4	120.2	119.8	104.4	117.5	124.1	84.6	116.1
2005–06	129.5	129.5	129.4	126.7	112.6	124.7	129.5	84.5	120.4
2002									
March	111.1	116.9	111.9	111.0	113.9	111.4	110.3	103.6	109.0
June	112.1	117.1	112.7	111.5	112.8	111.7	111.3	100.3	109.2
September	112.3	118.2	113.0	111.5	113.8	111.8	111.9	100.5	109.7
December	114.2	120.0	114.9	113.4	114.5	113.6	112.9	99.6	110.3
2003									
March	115.8	119.3	116.2	115.0	113.0	114.7	114.6	97.1	111.1
June	114.7	112.1	114.2	114.3	106.9	113.2	115.2	92.9	110.7
September	114.7	108.1	113.7	114.4	103.1	112.7	116.7	89.9	111.3
December	114.6	105.0	113.2	114.4	100.1	112.3	117.6	87.1	111.4
2004									
March	115.2	100.4	113.1	115.0	95.3	112.1	119.3	83.9	112.1
June	116.6	108.7	115.3	115.9	101.1	113.7	120.3	85.8	113.3
September	119.4	114.7	118.6	118.2	105.4	116.3	122.0	86.8	114.9
December	121.3	115.1	120.3	119.9	104.3	117.6	124.1	85.2	116.2
2005									
March	120.8	112.1	119.5	119.6	102.0	117.0	124.6	83.3	116.2
June	122.7	119.6	122.2	121.3	106.0	119.0	125.8	83.2	117.1
September	126.6	125.2	126.3	124.1	109.4	122.0	127.6	84.2	118.8
December	128.0	127.0	127.7	125.3	110.6	123.2	128.8	84.3	119.7
2006									
March	129.9	129.8	129.7	127.1	113.1	125.0	129.7	84.5	120.5
June	133.4	136.1	133.7	130.4	117.4	128.5	132.0	85.1	122.4
September	135.7	139.0	136.0	132.2	118.7	130.2	133.7	84.2	123.6
December	136.2	130.5	135.3	133.2	113.7	130.3	134.4	83.0	123.9

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0. (b) Excluding exports.

	PRELIMINA	ARY		INTERME	DIATE		FINAL(a)		
Period	Domestic	Imports	Total	Domestic	Imports	Total	Domestic	Imports	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •								
	Í	PERCEN	TAGE	CHANGE FR	OM PRE	VIOUS	YEAR		
2002-03	2.2	-2.4	1.5	2.1	-3.3	1.3	3.4	-6.0	1.6
2003-04	0.9	-10.1	-0.7	1.1		-0.5	4.2	-11.1	1.4
2004–05	5.0	9.3	5.6	4.3		4.3	4.7	-2.4	3.7
2005–06	6.9	12.2	7.7	5.8	7.9	6.1	4.4	-0.1	3.7
• • • • • • • • • •	DF			HANGE FROI			IIADTED	• • • • • •	• • • • •
2002	, ,	NOLIVIA	IGL O	TANGL TRO	VI IIILV	1003 Q	OANTEN		
June	0.9	0.2	0.7	0.5	-1.0	0.3	0.9	-3.2	0.2
September	0.2	0.9	0.3	0.0		0.1	0.5	0.2	0.5
December	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.7	0.6	1.6	0.9	-0.9	0.5
2003									
March	1.4	-0.6	1.1	1.4		1.0	1.5	-2.5	0.7
June	-0.9	-6.0	-1.7	-0.6		-1.3	0.5	-4.3	-0.4
September December	0.0 -0.1	–3.6 –2.9	-0.4 -0.4	0.1 0.0		-0.4 -0.4	1.3 0.8	-3.2 -3.1	0.5 0.1
2004	-0.1	-2.9	-0.4	0.0	-2.9	-0.4	0.8	-3.1	0.1
March	0.5	-4.4	-0.1	0.5	-4.8	-0.2	1.4	-3.7	0.6
June	1.2	8.3	1.9	0.8	6.1	1.4	0.8	2.3	1.1
September	2.4	5.5	2.9	2.0	4.3	2.3	1.4	1.2	1.4
December	1.6	0.3	1.4	1.4	-1.0	1.1	1.7	-1.8	1.1
2005	0.4	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0
March	-0.4	-2.6	-0.7	-0.3		-0.5	0.4	-2.2	0.0
June September	1.6 3.2	6.7 4.7	2.3 3.4	1.4 2.3		1.7 2.5	1.0 1.4	-0.1 1.2	0.8 1.5
December	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.0		1.0	0.9	0.1	0.8
2006				2.0		2.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
March	1.5	2.2	1.6	1.4	2.3	1.5	0.7	0.2	0.7
June	2.7	4.9	3.1	2.6		2.8	1.8	0.7	1.6
September	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.4		1.3	1.3	-1.1	1.0
December	0.4	-6.1	-0.5	0.8	-4.2	0.1	0.5	-1.4	0.2
DED CEN	TAGE CH	ANGE	DOM	CODDESDON	IDING C		R OF PREVIO	OUS VE	Λ D
2002	TAGE CIT	ANGLI	IVO IVI	CONNESTOR	iDina ç	ZOANIL	N OI INLVI	703 IL	AIV.
June	0.4	-9.2	-1.1	1.0	-8.2	-0.3	2.4	-6.8	0.6
September	0.1	-5.2	-0.7	0.3		-0.4	2.7	-4.0	1.4
December	2.1	-2.1	1.4	1.7		1.2	3.2	-6.1	1.4
2003									
March	4.2	2.1	3.8	3.6		3.0	3.9	-6.3	1.9
June	2.3	-4.3	1.3	2.5		1.3	3.5	-7.4	1.4
September	2.1	-8.5	0.6	2.6		0.8	4.3	-10.5	1.5
December 2004	0.4	-12.5	-1.5	0.9	-12.6	-1.1	4.2	-12.6	1.0
March	-0.5	-15.8	-2.7	0.0	-15.7	-2.3	4.1	-13.6	0.9
June	1.7	-3.0	1.0	1.4	-5.4	0.4	4.4	-7.6	2.3
September	4.1	6.1	4.3	3.3		3.2	4.5	-3.4	3.2
December	5.8	9.6	6.3	4.8	4.2	4.7	5.5	-2.2	4.3
2005	4.0	44.7		4.0	7.0	4.4	4.4	0.7	2.7
March June	4.9 5.2	11.7 10.0	5.7 6.0	4.0 4.7		4.4 4.7	4.4 4.6	-0.7 -3.0	3.7 3.4
September	5.2 6.0	9.2	6.0 6.5	4.7 5.0		4.7 4.9	4.6	-3.0 -3.0	3.4 3.4
December	5.5	10.3	6.2	4.5		4.9	3.8	-3.0 -1.1	3.4
2006	0.0	_0.0	0.2	110	3.3	5	5.0		0.0
March	7.5	15.8	8.5	6.3	10.9	6.8	4.1	1.4	3.7
June	8.7	13.8	9.4	7.5		8.0	4.9	2.3	4.5
September	7.2	11.0	7.7	6.5		6.7	4.8	_	4.0
December	6.4	2.8	6.0	6.3	2.8	5.8	4.3	-1.5	3.5

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)
 (a) Excluding exports.

### STAGE OF PRODUCTION(a): Final Commodities

	DOMESTIC	(b)		IMPORTS			TOTAL(b)		
Period	Consumer	Capital	Total	Consumer	Capital	Total	Consumer	Capital	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • •	
2002-03	112.3	115.0	113.7	101.0	93.6	97.5	109.9	111.0	110.5
2003–04	114.4	122.0	118.5	91.3	81.7	86.7	109.3	114.4	112.0
2004–05	118.1	129.1	124.1	90.4	78.5	84.6	112.0	119.6	116.1
2005–06	123.3	134.7	129.5	92.5	76.1	84.5	116.4	123.7	120.4
2002									
March	109.6	111.0	110.3	106.6	100.2	103.6	109.0	109.0	109.0
June	110.6	112.1	111.3	103.4	96.8	100.3	109.2	109.2	109.2
September	110.7	113.1	111.9	103.1	97.5	100.5	109.2	110.2	109.7
December	111.9	114.0	112.9	102.8	96.0	99.6	110.1	110.6	110.3
2003									
March	113.9	115.4	114.6	101.3	92.4	97.1	111.2	111.1	111.1
June	112.6	117.5	115.2	96.8	88.5	92.9	109.2	112.0	110.7
September	113.6	119.3	116.7	94.2	85.3	89.9	109.4	112.9	111.3
December	114.3	120.5	117.6	91.5	82.4	87.1	109.3	113.3	111.4
2004									
March	114.9	123.0	119.3	88.7	78.7	83.9	109.1	114.6	112.1
June	114.6	125.0	120.3	90.9	80.4	85.8	109.3	116.6	113.3
September	116.8	126.4	122.0	92.1	81.2	86.8	111.4	117.9	114.9
December	118.8	128.5	124.1	90.8	79.2	85.2	112.6	119.2	116.2
2005									
March	117.8	130.2	124.6	88.8	77.4	83.3	111.3	120.3	116.2
June	119.0	131.3	125.8	89.9	76.1	83.2	112.5	120.9	117.1
September	121.3	132.8	127.6	91.7	76.2	84.2	114.7	122.2	118.8
December	122.4	134.1	128.8	91.7	76.5	84.3	115.5	123.2	119.7
2006									
March	123.3	135.0	129.7	92.8	75.9	84.5	116.5	123.9	120.5
June	126.2	136.7	132.0	93.9	75.9	85.1	119.0	125.3	122.4
September	128.2	138.3	133.7	93.2	74.8	84.2	120.3	126.4	123.6
December	127.8	139.8	134.4	91.5	74.1	83.0	119.7	127.4	123.9

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0. (b) Excluding exports.

# ${\tt STAGE\ OF\ PRODUCTION:\ \textbf{Final\ commodities\ percentage\ change}}$

	DOMESTIC	(a)		IMPORTS			TOTAL(a)				
Period	Consumer	Capital	Total	Consumer	Capital	Total	Consumer	Capital	Total		
• • • • • • • • • •	F	PERCEN	TAGE	CHANGE FRO	M PRE		YEAR	• • • • • •	• • • • •		
2002-03	2.7	3.9	3.4	-5.1	-7.1	-6.0	1.0	2.0	1.6		
2003-04	1.9	6.1	4.2	-9.6	-12.7	-11.1	-0.5	3.1	1.4		
2004-05	3.2	5.8	4.7	-1.0	-3.9	-2.4	2.5	4.5	3.7		
2005–06	4.4	4.3	4.4	2.3	-3.1	-0.1	3.9	3.4	3.7		
• • • • • • • • • •	PE	RCENTA		HANGE FROM			UARTER	• • • • • •	• • • • •		
2002											
June	0.9	1.0	0.9	-3.0	-3.4	-3.2	0.2	0.2	0.2		
September	0.1	0.9	0.5	-0.3	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.9	0.5		
December	1.1	0.8	0.9	-0.3	-1.5	-0.9	0.8	0.4	0.5		
2003											
March	1.8	1.2	1.5	-1.5	-3.8	-2.5	1.0	0.5	0.7		
June	-1.1	1.8	0.5	-4.4	-4.2	-4.3	-1.8	0.8	-0.4		
September	0.9	1.5	1.3	-2.7	-3.6	-3.2	0.2	0.8	0.5		
December	0.6	1.0	0.8	-2.9	-3.4	-3.1	-0.1	0.4	0.1		
2004 March	٥٦	0.4	4 4	2.4	4 =	2.7	0.0	4 4	0.6		
March	0.5	2.1 1.6	1.4	-3.1 2.5	-4.5 2.2	-3.7 2.3	-0.2	1.1 1.7	0.6 1.1		
June September	-0.3 1.9	1.0	0.8 1.4	1.3	1.0	1.2	0.2 1.9	1.1	1.4		
December	1.7	1.7	1.7	-1.4	-2.5	-1.8	1.1	1.1	1.1		
2005	1.1	1.1	1.1	-1.4	-2.5	-1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1		
March	-0.8	1.3	0.4	-2.2	-2.3	-2.2	-1.2	0.9	0.0		
June	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.2	-1.7	-0.1	1.1	0.5	0.8		
September	1.9	1.1	1.4	2.0	0.1	1.2	2.0	1.1	1.5		
December	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.7	0.8	0.8		
2006											
March	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.2	-0.8	0.2	0.9	0.6	0.7		
June	2.4	1.3	1.8	1.2	_	0.7	2.1	1.1	1.6		
September	1.6	1.2	1.3	-0.7	-1.4	-1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0		
December	-0.3	1.1	0.5	-1.8	-0.9	-1.4	-0.5	0.8	0.2		
PERCEN	TAGE CH	ANGE F	ROM	CORRESPONI	OING O	UARTER	R OF PREVIO	US YE	A R		
2002											
June	1.6	3.3	2.4	-5.7	-8.1	-6.8	0.2	1.2	0.6		
September	1.9	3.3	2.7	-3.6	-4.5	-4.0	0.9	1.9	1.4		
December	2.8	3.5	3.2	-5.2	-7.3	-6.1	1.3	1.6	1.4		
2003											
March	3.9	4.0	3.9	-5.0	-7.8	-6.3	2.0	1.9	1.9		
June	1.8	4.8	3.5	-6.4	-8.6	-7.4	0.0	2.6	1.4		
September	2.6	5.5	4.3	-8.6	-12.5	-10.5	0.2	2.5	1.5		
December	2.1	5.7	4.2	-11.0	-14.2	-12.6	-0.7	2.4	1.0		
2004											
March	0.9	6.6	4.1	-12.4	-14.8	-13.6	-1.9	3.2	0.9		
June	1.8	6.4	4.4	-6.1	-9.2	-7.6	0.1	4.1	2.3		
September	2.8	6.0	4.5	-2.2	-4.8	-3.4	1.8	4.4	3.2		
December	3.9	6.6	5.5	-0.8	-3.9	-2.2	3.0	5.2	4.3		
2005 March	2.5	5.9	4.4	0.1	-1.7	-0.7	2.0	E 0	3.7		
June	3.8	5.9 5.0	4.4	-1.1	-1. <i>1</i> -5.3	-0.7 -3.0	2.9	5.0 3.7	3.4		
September	3.9	5.1	4.6	-0.4	-6.2	-3.0 -3.0	3.0	3.6	3.4		
December	3.9	4.4	3.8	1.0	-0.2 -3.4	-3.0 -1.1	2.6	3.4	3.4		
<b>2006</b>	5.0	7.7	5.0	1.0	5.4	1.1	2.0	5.4	3.0		
March	4.7	3.7	4.1	4.5	-1.9	1.4	4.7	3.0	3.7		
June	6.1	4.1	4.9	4.4	-0.3	2.3	5.8	3.6	4.5		
September	5.7	4.1	4.8	1.6	-1.8	0.0	4.9	3.4	4.0		
December	4.4	4.3	4.3	-0.2	-3.1	-1.5	3.6	3.4	3.5		
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •				

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)
 (a) Excluding exports



# ${\tt STAGE\ OF\ PRODUCTION}\,(a)\colon \textbf{Final\ commodities\ index\ points\ change}$

		DOMESTIC		IMPORTS	S		TOTAL			
ANZSIC		Sep Qtr 2006	-	Change	Sep Qtr 2006		Change	Sep Qtr 2006		Change
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •
012-013	Grain, sheep, beef & dairy cattle farming	0.19	0.18	-0.01				0.15	0.14	-0.01
011,014-016		3.11	2.94	-0.17				2.47	2.33	-0.14
04	Commercial fishing	0.97	1.10	0.13				0.77	0.87	0.10
211	Meat & meat product mfg	3.14	3.20	0.06				2.49	2.54	0.05
212	Dairy product mfg	3.04	3.07	0.03	1.01	1.03	0.02	2.62	2.65	0.03
213	Fruit & vegetable processing	1.87	1.89	0.02	1.62	1.53	-0.09	1.82	1.81	-0.01
214	Oil & fat mfg				0.61	0.56	-0.05	0.13	0.12	-0.01
215	Flour mill & cereal food mfg	0.93	0.92	-0.01				0.74	0.73	-0.01
216	Bakery product mfg	2.22	2.29	0.07				1.76	1.82	0.06
217	Other food mfg	3.72	3.76	0.04	3.78	3.73	-0.05	3.74	3.76	0.02
218	Beverage & malt mfg	4.08	4.15	0.07	1.88	1.89	0.01	3.63	3.68	0.05
219	Tobacco product mfg	0.97	0.97	_	2.05	2.18	0.13	1.20	1.23	0.03
221	Textile fibre, yarn & woven fabric mfg	0.32	0.32	_	0.56	0.56	_	0.37	0.37	_
222	Textile product mfg	0.55	0.57	0.02	0.64	0.62	-0.02	0.57	0.58	0.01
223	Knitting mills	0.30	0.30	_	0.53	0.52	-0.01	0.35	0.35	_
224	Clothing mfg	1.94	1.93	-0.01	3.62	3.58	-0.04	2.29	2.27	-0.02
225	Footwear mfg	0.26	0.26	_	1.13	1.12	-0.01	0.44	0.44	_
226	Leather & leather product mfg				0.94	0.96	0.02	0.20	0.20	_
232–233	Other wood, paper & paper product mfg	0.77	0.76	-0.01				0.61	0.61	_
241	Printing & services to printing	0.39	0.39	_	0.08	0.08	_	0.32	0.32	_
242	Publishing	1.41	1.41	_	0.89	0.86	-0.03	1.30	1.30	_
243	Recorded media mfg & publishing	0.17	0.16	-0.01	0.88	0.88	_	0.32	0.31	-0.01
251	Petroleum refining	4.09	3.41	-0.68	2.38	1.87	-0.51	3.74	3.10	-0.64
253	Basic chemical mfg				0.42	0.42	-	0.09	0.09	- O.O-I
254	Other chemical product mfg	2.22	2.23	0.01	4.46	4.40	-0.06	2.69	2.69	_
255	Rubber product mfg	0.12	0.11	-0.01	0.63	0.65	0.02	0.22	0.23	0.01
256	Plastic product mfg	0.12	0.11	0.02	0.82	0.83	0.02	0.22	0.23	0.01
271	Iron & steel mfg				0.32	0.63	0.01	0.91	0.92	0.01
273	Non-ferrous basic metal product mfg		• •	• •	0.12	0.12	_	0.02	0.03	U.UI
275 275			0.21	0.01						
276	Sheet metal product mfg	0.30 0.21	0.31 0.21	0.01	1.04	1.05	0.01	0.24 0.38	0.25 0.38	0.01
281	Fabricated metal product mfg		5.97							0.07
	Motor vehicle & part mfg	5.83		0.14	17.45	17.23	-0.22	8.26	8.33	0.07
282	Other transport equipment mfg	0.57	0.56	-0.01	4.28	4.26	-0.02	1.34	1.33	-0.01
283	Photographic & scientific equipment mfg	0.21	0.21		3.49	3.49	_	0.89	0.89	
284	Electronic equipment mfg	0.52	0.50	-0.02	8.04	7.72	-0.32	2.09	2.01	-0.08
285	Electrical equipment & household appliance mfg	1.60	1.61	0.01	3.55	3.57	0.02	2.01	2.02	0.01
286	Industrial machinery & equipment mfg	1.76	1.79	0.03	11.79	11.89	0.10	3.85	3.90	0.05
29	Other mfg	3.22	3.25	0.03	5.28	5.18	-0.10	3.65	3.66	0.01
36–37	Electricity, gas & water supply	7.60	7.60					6.03	6.03	_
411	Building construction	54.21	54.67	0.46				43.00	43.36	0.36
412	Non-building construction	5.32	5.36	0.04				4.22	4.25	0.03
571	Accommodation	1.52	1.58	0.06				1.20	1.25	0.05
611	Road freight transport	1.75	1.72	-0.03				1.39	1.37	-0.02
620	Rail transport	0.44	0.43	-0.01				0.35	0.34	-0.01
630–640	Water, air & space transport	0.35	0.36	0.01				0.28	0.28	- 0.44
66	Services to transport	1.81	1.94	0.13				1.43	1.54	0.11
772	Real estate agents	3.15	3.24	0.09				2.50	2.57	0.07
782	Technical services	1.14	1.15	0.01				0.90	0.91	0.01
783	Computer services	3.83	3.91	0.08				3.04	3.11	0.07
784	Legal & accounting services	0.69	0.69	_			• •	0.55	0.55	_
	Total	133.7	134.4	0.7	84.2	83.0	-1.2	123.6	123.9	0.3

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



## ${\tt STAGE\ OF\ PRODUCTION(a):}\ \textbf{Domestic\ final\ commodities\ index\ points\ change}$

	CONSUME				CAPITAL			TOTAL		
ANZSIC		Sep Qtr 2006	-	Change	Sep Qtr 2006	-	Change	Sep Qtr 2006	Dec Qtr 2006	Change
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • •						
012-013	Grain, sheep, beef & dairy cattle farming	0.44	0.41	-0.03				0.19	0.18	-0.01
011,014–016	Other agriculture	7.12	6.72	-0.40				3.11	2.94	-0.17
04	Commercial fishing	2.21	2.51	0.30				0.97	1.10	0.13
211	Meat & meat product mfg	7.17	7.33	0.16				3.14	3.20	0.06
212	Dairy product mfg	6.95	7.02	0.07				3.04	3.07	0.03
213	Fruit & vegetable processing	4.27	4.31	0.04				1.87	1.89	0.02
215	Flour mill & cereal food mfg	2.13	2.11	-0.02				0.93	0.92	-0.01
216	Bakery product mfg	5.07	5.24	0.17				2.22	2.29	0.07
217	Other food mfg	8.51	8.61	0.10				3.72	3.76	0.04
218	Beverage & malt mfg	9.33	9.48	0.15				4.08	4.15	0.07
219	Tobacco product mfg	2.22	2.22	_				0.97	0.97	_
221	Textile fibre, yarn & woven fabric mfg	0.73	0.73	_				0.32	0.32	_
222	Textile product mfg	1.25	1.30	0.05				0.55	0.57	0.02
223	Knitting mills	0.68	0.68	_				0.30	0.30	_
224	Clothing mfg	4.43	4.40	-0.03				1.94	1.93	-0.01
225	Footwear mfg	0.59	0.59	_				0.26	0.26	_
232-233	Other wood, paper & paper product mfg	1.75	1.75	_				0.77	0.76	-0.01
241	Printing & services to printing	0.89	0.89	_				0.39	0.39	_
242	Publishing	3.22	3.23	0.01				1.41	1.41	_
243	Recorded media mfg & publishing	0.39	0.37	-0.02				0.17	0.16	-0.01
251	Petroleum refining	9.35	7.80	-1.55				4.09	3.41	-0.68
254	Other chemical product mfg	5.08	5.10	0.02				2.22	2.23	0.01
255	Rubber product mfg	0.26	0.26	_				0.12	0.11	-0.01
256	Plastic product mfg	2.12	2.16	0.04				0.93	0.95	0.02
275	Sheet metal product mfg				0.54	0.56	0.02	0.30	0.31	0.01
276	Fabricated metal product mfg				0.37	0.37	_	0.21	0.21	_
281	Motor vehicle & part mfg	5.85	6.04	0.19	5.83	5.93	0.10	5.83	5.97	0.14
282	Other transport equipment mfg	0.41	0.40	-0.01	0.69	0.69	_	0.57	0.56	-0.01
283	Photographic & scientific equipment mfg				0.37	0.37	_	0.21	0.21	_
284	Electronic equipment mfg	0.19	0.19	_	0.77	0.75	-0.02	0.52	0.50	-0.02
285	Electrical equipment & household appliance mfg	2.39	2.42	0.03	0.99	0.99	_	1.60	1.61	0.01
286	Industrial machinery & equipment mfg				3.13	3.19	0.06	1.76	1.79	0.03
29	Other mfg	2.34	2.35	0.01	3.90	3.96	0.06	3.22	3.25	0.03
36–37	Electricity, gas & water supply	17.38	17.38	_				7.60	7.60	_
411	Building construction				96.58	97.40	0.82	54.21	54.67	0.46
412	Non-building construction				9.49	9.55	0.06	5.32	5.36	0.04
571	Accommodation	3.47	3.62	0.15				1.52	1.58	0.06
611	Road freight transport	4.00	3.94	-0.06				1.75	1.72	-0.03
620	Rail transport	1.01	0.98	-0.03				0.44	0.43	-0.01
630–640	Water, air & space transport	0.81	0.81	_				0.35	0.36	0.01
66	Services to transport	4.13	4.44	0.31				1.81	1.94	0.13
772	Real estate agents				5.61	5.78	0.17	3.15	3.24	0.09
782	Technical services				2.02	2.04	0.02	1.14	1.15	0.01
783	Computer services				6.82	6.97	0.15	3.83	3.91	0.01
784	Legal & accounting services				1.23	1.23		0.69	0.69	_
- •		• •	• •		0	0		2.30		
	Total	128.2	127.8	-0.4	138.3	139.8	1.5	133.7	134.4	0.7

<sup>. .</sup> not applicable

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)



# ${\tt STAGE\ OF\ PRODUCTION}\,(a)\colon \textbf{Imported\ final\ commodities\ index\ points\ change}$

		CONSUM	IER		CAPITAL			TOTAL		
		Sep Qtr	Dec Qtr		Sep Qtr	Dec Qtr		Sep Qtr	Dec Qtr	
ANZS	SIC	2006	2006	Change	2006	2006	Change	2006	2006	Change
• • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •
212	Dairy product mfg	2.01	2.04	0.03				1.01	1.03	0.02
213	Fruit & vegetable processing	3.21	3.04	-0.17				1.62	1.53	-0.09
214	Oil & fat mfg	1.21	1.11	-0.10				0.61	0.56	-0.05
217	Other food mfg	7.49	7.40	-0.09				3.78	3.73	-0.05
218	Beverage & malt mfg	3.74	3.76	0.02				1.88	1.89	0.01
219	Tobacco product mfg	4.06	4.33	0.27				2.05	2.18	0.13
221	Textile fibre, yarn & woven fabric mfg	1.11	1.11	_				0.56	0.56	_
222	Textile product mfg	1.27	1.24	-0.03				0.64	0.62	-0.02
223	Knitting mills	1.05	1.04	-0.01				0.53	0.52	-0.01
224	Clothing mfg	7.20	7.12	-0.08				3.62	3.58	-0.04
225	Footwear mfg	2.24	2.22	-0.02				1.13	1.12	-0.01
226	Leather & leather product mfg	1.87	1.90	0.03				0.94	0.96	0.02
241	Printing & services to printing	0.17	0.16	-0.01				0.08	0.08	_
242	Publishing	1.76	1.71	-0.05				0.89	0.86	-0.03
243	Recorded media mfg & publishing	1.76	1.75	-0.01				0.88	0.88	_
251	Petroleum refining	4.73	3.70	-1.03				2.38	1.87	-0.51
253	Basic chemical mfg	0.83	0.83	_				0.42	0.42	_
254	Other chemical product mfg	8.86	8.73	-0.13				4.46	4.40	-0.06
255	Rubber product mfg	1.25	1.29	0.04				0.63	0.65	0.02
256	Plastic product mfg	1.63	1.65	0.02				0.82	0.83	0.01
271	Iron & steel mfg	0.23	0.24	0.01				0.12	0.12	_
273	Non-ferrous basic metal product mfg	0.42	0.42	_				0.21	0.21	_
276	Fabricated metal product mfg	2.06	2.09	0.03				1.04	1.05	0.01
281	Motor vehicle & part mfg	12.59	12.45	-0.14	22.29	22.01	-0.28	17.45	17.23	-0.22
282	Other transport equipment mfg	2.37	2.37	_	6.19	6.17	-0.02	4.28	4.26	-0.02
283	Photographic & scientific equipment mfg	2.37	2.34	-0.03	4.62	4.65	0.03	3.49	3.49	_
284	Electronic equipment mfg	3.33	3.18	-0.15	12.79	12.29	-0.50	8.04	7.72	-0.32
285	Electrical equipment & household appliance mfg	3.85	3.86	0.01	3.25	3.27	0.02	3.55	3.57	0.02
286	Industrial machinery & equipment mfg				23.68	23.87	0.19	11.79	11.89	0.10
29	Other mfg	8.57	8.42	-0.15	1.93	1.89	-0.04	5.28	5.18	-0.10
	Total	93.2	91.5	-1.7	74.8	74.1	-0.7	84.2	83.0	-1.2

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



## ${\tt STAGE\ OF\ PRODUCTION} (a) \colon \textbf{Intermediate\ commodities\ index\ points\ change}$

	DOMESTIC IMP		IMPORTS	S		TOTAL				
ANZSIC		Sep Qtr 2006	Dec Qtr	Change	Sep Qtr 2006		Change	Sep Qtr 2006	Dec Qtr	Change
ANZSIC		2000	2000	onunge	2000	2000			2000	onunge
• • • • • • • • •		• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • •
012–013	Grain, sheep, beef & dairy cattle farming	6.99	7.22	0.23				5.97	6.16	0.19
	Other agriculture	3.15	3.42	0.27				2.69	2.92	0.23
02 04	Services to agriculture; hunting & trapping Commercial fishing	0.15	0.16	0.01				0.13	0.14	0.01
110	Coal mining	0.31 1.25	0.36 1.23	0.05 -0.02				0.27 1.07	0.30 1.05	0.03 -0.02
120	Oil & gas extraction	2.76	2.36	-0.02 -0.40	20.10	 16.68	-3.42	5.28	4.44	-0.02 -0.84
131	Metal ore mining	3.14	3.46	0.32	1.72	1.69	-0.03	2.94	3.20	0.26
14	Other mining	1.16	1.16	_	0.33	0.32	-0.01	1.04	1.04	_
211	Meat & meat product mfg	1.92	1.98	0.06				1.64	1.69	0.05
212	Dairy product mfg	1.00	1.01	0.01	0.78	0.79	0.01	0.97	0.98	0.01
213–214	Fruit & vegetable processing; oil & fat mfg	0.24	0.24	_	0.85	0.79	-0.06	0.33	0.32	-0.01
215	Flour mill & cereal food mfg	0.85	0.85					0.73	0.72	-0.01
216	Bakery product mfg	0.19	0.20	0.01				0.16	0.17	0.01
217 218	Other food mfg Beverage & malt mfg	1.02	1.09	0.07	0.72	0.70	-0.02	0.98	1.03	0.05
22	Textile, clothing, footwear & leather mfg	0.81 1.52	0.81 1.53	0.01	0.59 7.15	0.60 7.12	0.01 -0.03	0.78 2.34	0.78 2.35	0.01
231	Log sawmilling & timber dressing	0.94	0.94	U.U1	1.75	1.74	-0.03 -0.01	1.06	1.06	0.01
232	Other wood product mfg	2.12	2.15	0.03	0.82	0.84	0.02	1.93	1.96	0.03
233	Paper & paper product mfg	1.37	1.37	_	2.88	2.89	0.01	1.59	1.59	_
241	Printing & services to printing	2.36	2.37	0.01				2.02	2.02	_
242	Publishing	3.08	3.09	0.01				2.63	2.64	0.01
251	Petroleum refining	4.64	4.01	-0.63	6.95	5.61	-1.34	4.97	4.24	-0.73
253	Basic chemical mfg	1.42	1.47	0.05	8.18	8.18	_	2.40	2.44	0.04
254	Other chemical product mfg	2.05	2.07	0.02	4.06	4.08	0.02	2.35	2.36	0.01
255	Rubber product mfg	0.55	0.55		2.71	2.80	0.09	0.86	0.87	0.01
256	Plastic product mfg	2.10	2.14	0.04	3.37	3.33	-0.04	2.28	2.31	0.03
26	Non-metallic mineral product mfg	4.49 3.55	4.53	0.04	2.93	2.95	0.02	4.26	4.30	0.04 0.12
271 272	Iron & steel mfg Basic non-ferrous metal mfg	3.26	3.63 3.37	0.08 0.11	4.57 1.37	4.97 1.25	0.40 -0.12	3.70 2.98	3.82 3.06	0.12
273	Non-ferrous basic metal product mfg	0.42	0.43	0.11	1.99	1.23	-0.12 -0.12	0.65	0.64	-0.01
274	Structural metal product mfg	3.05	3.09	0.04	0.05	0.05	U.12	2.62	2.64	0.02
275	Sheet metal product mfg	1.28	1.32	0.04	0.16	0.16	_	1.12	1.15	0.03
276	Fabricated metal product mfg	1.32	1.35	0.03	4.57	4.44	-0.13	1.79	1.80	0.01
281	Motor vehicle & part mfg	2.18	2.17	-0.01	9.65	9.62	-0.03	3.26	3.25	-0.01
282	Other transport equipment mfg	0.69	0.69	_	1.65	1.64	-0.01	0.83	0.83	_
283	Photographic & scientific equipment mfg	0.24	0.24	_	3.86	3.85	-0.01	0.77	0.77	_
284	Electronic equipment mfg	0.79	0.79		4.89	4.72	-0.17	1.38	1.36	-0.02
285	Electrical equipment & household appliance mfg	2.14	2.15	0.01	6.89	6.90	0.01	2.83	2.84	0.01
286 29	Industrial machinery & equipment mfg	1.50	1.51	0.01	10.86 2.35	10.84 2.32	-0.02	2.86	2.87	0.01
36–37	Other mfg Electricity, gas & water supply	5.00	4.98	-0.02			-0.03	0.34 4.27	0.34 4.25	-0.02
50–57 571	Accommodation	0.57	0.59	0.02				0.48	0.50	0.02
611	Road freight transport	7.55	7.44	-0.11				6.45	6.35	-0.10
620	Rail transport	0.68	0.66	-0.02				0.58	0.56	-0.02
630	Water transport	0.63	0.64	0.01				0.54	0.54	_
640	Air & space transport	1.59	1.55	-0.04				1.36	1.33	-0.03
650	Other transport	0.25	0.25	_				0.22	0.22	_
66	Services to transport	1.76	1.87	0.11				1.51	1.59	0.08
670 771	Storage	1.10	1.11	0.01				0.94	0.95	0.01
771 772	Property operators & developers	11.57	11.83	0.26				9.88	10.11	0.23
772 774	Real estate agents  Machinery & equipment hiring & leasing	1.65 1.51	1.70 1.52	0.05 0.01				1.41 1.29	1.45 1.30	0.04 0.01
774 782	Technical services	2.44	2.46	0.01				2.08	2.10	0.01
783	Computer services	3.79	3.85	0.02				3.24	3.29	0.02
784	Legal & accounting services	6.21	6.25	0.04				5.31	5.34	0.03
785	Marketing & business management services	6.40	6.42	0.02				5.47	5.48	0.01
786	Other business services	7.51	7.61	0.10				6.42	6.50	0.08
	Total	132.2	133.2	1.0	118.7	113.7	-5.0	130.2	130.3	0.1
							0.0	2002	_00.0	V.±

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



## STAGE OF PRODUCTION(a): Preliminary commodities index points change

		DOMESTIC			IMPORTS	S		TOTAL		
ANZSIC		Sep Qtr 2006		Change	Sep Qtr 2006		Change	Sep Qtr 2006		Change
• • • • • • • • •					• • • • • • •					
012–013	Grain, sheep, beef & dairy cattle farming	5.07	5.33	0.26				4.36	4.59	0.23
	Other agriculture	2.15	2.34	0.19				1.85	2.01	0.25
02	Services to agriculture; hunting & trapping	0.27	0.29	0.02				0.23	0.25	0.02
030	Forestry & logging	0.37	0.37	_				0.32	0.32	_
110	Coal mining	2.41	2.37	-0.04				2.08	2.04	-0.04
120	Oil & gas extraction	5.30	4.54	-0.76	41.04	34.05	-6.99	10.22	8.61	-1.61
131	Metal ore mining	2.82	3.05	0.23	1.34	1.31	-0.03	2.61	2.81	0.20
14 211	Other mining Meat & meat product mfg	1.63 0.74	1.63 0.76	0.02	0.48	0.46	-0.02	1.47 0.63	1.47 0.65	0.02
212	Dairy product mfg	0.74	0.76	0.02	0.34	0.35	0.01	0.83	0.85	U.U2 —
213–214	Fruit & vegetable processing; oil & fat mfg	0.10	0.40	O.O1	0.46	0.43	-0.03	0.35	0.33	-0.01
215	Flour mill & cereal food mfg	0.44	0.44	_				0.38	0.38	_
216	Bakery product mfg	0.07	0.07	_				0.06	0.06	_
217	Other food mfg	1.05	1.12	0.07	0.49	0.49	_	0.97	1.03	0.06
218	Beverage & malt mfg	0.43	0.43	_	0.37	0.38	0.01	0.43	0.43	_
22	Textile, clothing, footwear & leather mfg	0.88	0.89	0.01	4.88	4.86	-0.02	1.43	1.43	_
231	Log sawmilling & timber dressing	0.98	0.98	_	1.53	1.52	-0.01	1.06	1.05	-0.01
232	Other wood product mfg	0.84	0.85	0.01	0.24	0.25	0.01	0.76	0.77	0.01
233	Paper & paper product mfg	1.90	1.89	-0.01	7.40	7.42	0.02	2.65	2.65	_
241	Printing & services to printing	1.90	1.90	_				1.64	1.64	_
242	Publishing	2.59	2.60	0.01	7.70		4.50	2.23	2.24	0.01
251 253	Petroleum refining	5.08 2.99	4.39 3.08	-0.69 0.09	7.76 17.14	6.20 17.14	-1.56 —	5.45 4.94	4.63 5.02	-0.82 0.08
254	Basic chemical mfg Other chemical product mfg	2.99	2.23	0.09	4.97	5.05	0.08	2.59	2.62	0.08
255	Rubber product mfg	0.45	0.45	0.02 —	2.36	2.43	0.03	0.71	0.72	0.03
256	Plastic product mfg	1.87	1.90	0.03	3.19	3.16	-0.03	2.05	2.07	0.02
26	Non-metallic mineral product mfg	2.03	2.05	0.02				1.75	1.77	0.02
271	Iron & steel mfg	5.53	5.65	0.12	7.13	7.70	0.57	5.75	5.93	0.18
272	Basic non-ferrous metal mfg	4.01	4.15	0.14	1.75	1.60	-0.15	3.69	3.79	0.10
273	Non-ferrous basic metal product mfg	0.52	0.52	_	2.48	2.33	-0.15	0.79	0.77	-0.02
274	Structural metal product mfg	2.11	2.13	0.02				1.81	1.83	0.02
275	Sheet metal product mfg	0.64	0.66	0.02	0.08	0.08	_	0.56	0.58	0.02
276	Fabricated metal product mfg	0.99	1.02	0.03	3.53	3.42	-0.11	1.34	1.35	0.01
281	Motor vehicle & part mfg	1.50	1.49	-0.01	6.54	6.51	-0.03	2.19	2.18	-0.01
282 283	Other transport equipment mfg	0.65 0.10	0.65 0.10	_	1.62 2.20	1.62 2.20	_	0.78 0.39	0.78 0.39	_
284	Photographic & scientific equipment mfg Electronic equipment mfg	0.10	0.10	_	4.19	4.06	-0.13	1.12	1.10	-0.02
285	Electrical equipment & household appliance mfg	1.32	1.33	0.01	4.19	4.87	-0.13	1.12	1.81	-0.02
286	Industrial machinery & equipment mfg	1.31	1.32	0.01	10.62	10.60	-0.02	2.59	2.60	0.01
36–37	Electricity, gas & water supply	6.19	6.17	-0.02				5.33	5.31	-0.02
571	Accommodation	0.66	0.69	0.03				0.57	0.59	0.02
611	Road freight transport	9.23	9.09	-0.14				7.95	7.83	-0.12
620	Rail transport	0.93	0.90	-0.03				0.80	0.78	-0.02
630	Water transport	0.70	0.71	0.01				0.60	0.61	0.01
640	Air & space transport	1.76	1.72	-0.04				1.52	1.49	-0.03
650	Other transport	0.34	0.34	- 0.40				0.29	0.29	- 0.40
66 670	Services to transport	2.10	2.22	0.12				1.81	1.91	0.10
670 771	Storage Property operators & developers	1.34 16.19	1.35 16.56	0.01 0.37			• •	1.15 13.94	1.16 14.26	0.01 0.32
772	Real estate agents	2.32	2.38	0.06				1.99	2.05	0.32
774	Machinery & equipment hiring & leasing	2.11	2.13	0.02				1.82	1.84	0.02
782	Technical services	2.60	2.62	0.02				2.24	2.25	0.01
783	Computer services	4.03	4.10	0.07				3.47	3.53	0.06
784	Legal & accounting services	5.76	5.79	0.03				4.96	4.98	0.02
785	Marketing & business management services	5.97	5.98	0.01				5.14	5.15	0.01
786	Other business services	7.23	7.33	0.10				6.23	6.31	0.08
	Total	135.7	136.2	0.5	139.0	130.5	-8.5	136.0	135.3	-0.7

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

Period	Index numbers	% change from previous quarter	% change from corresponding quarter of previous year
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •
2002-03	130.3	1.2	
2003-04	130.4	0.1	
2004-05	139.3	6.8	
2005-06	149.4	7.3	
2002			
March	128.3	-0.1	0.5
June	129.3	0.8	-1.1
September	129.0	-0.2	-0.2
December	130.5	1.2	1.6
2003			
March	132.1	1.2	3.0
June	129.5	-2.0	0.2
September	128.9	-0.5	-0.1
December	129.1	0.2	-1.1
2004			
March	130.6	1.2	-1.1
June	133.1	1.9	2.8
September	136.8	2.8	6.1
December	139.7	2.1	8.2
2005			
March	138.4	-0.9	6.0
June	142.3	2.8	6.9
September	145.3	2.1	6.2
December	146.4	0.8	4.8
2006			
March	149.3	2.0	7.9
June	156.4	4.8	9.9
September	156.8	0.3	7.9
December	155.3	-1.0	6.1

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



# ARTICLES PRODUCED BY MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES(a): Subdivision & group

Period	Food, beverages and tobacco (21)	Textiles and textile products (221-222)	Knitting mills, clothing, footwear and leather (223-226)	Log sawmilling and other wood products (231-232)	Paper and paper products (233)	Printing, publishing and recorded media (24)	Petroleum and coal products (251-252)	Chemicals (253-254)	Rubber and plastics (255-256)
• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2002-03	139.9	120.3	124.8	135.1	117.9	155.2	172.6	115.1	124.5
2003-04	139.9	116.7	124.2	139.1	117.8	155.7	173.3	114.5	124.7
2004-05	146.2	116.3	123.9	140.5	117.4	157.3	226.8	120.8	130.8
2005-06	150.3	116.2	124.9	143.8	118.5	159.1	297.4	123.4	136.4
2002									
March	141.8	112.8	122.6	133.7	115.3	155.3	144.8	113.2	124.5
June	139.4	114.9	122.8	133.4	117.0	155.7	163.5	113.3	124.3
September	138.2	115.0	124.2	133.9	117.6	156.1	161.9	114.7	125.3
December	139.5	123.4	124.8	134.0	119.5	154.6	173.2	115.1	125.4
2003									
March	141.3	124.1	124.5	134.9	117.0	155.7	189.4	115.0	122.7
June	140.6	118.5	125.5	137.4	117.6	154.2	165.8	115.7	124.7
September	138.8	117.7	124.8	138.2	118.1	156.1	163.7	114.3	124.8
December	140.1	117.0	124.7	138.7	118.0	155.9	164.5	114.0	124.3
2004									
March	140.5	116.7	123.4	140.3	117.6	156.0	173.5	114.1	124.6
June	140.2	115.4	123.8	139.3	117.5	154.6	191.3	115.7	125.0
September	145.4	115.6	123.6	139.2	117.0	157.4	209.6	117.5	125.9
December	146.4	116.0	124.0	140.5	116.9	157.6	234.1	121.6	130.5
2005									
March	146.3	116.9	124.1	140.0	117.8	157.6	211.3	121.6	133.0
June	146.8	116.5	123.8	142.4	117.7	156.6	252.2	122.3	133.9
September	148.0	115.5	125.1	142.3	118.2	158.6	282.1	122.1	134.2
December	149.4	116.1	124.9	144.9	118.2	158.7	279.4	123.5	136.1
2006									
March	150.9	116.4	125.1	143.6	118.6	159.2	290.3	123.3	137.6
June	153.0	116.8	124.5	144.3	119.1	159.7	337.8	124.6	137.8
September	153.2	117.3	125.4	144.8	119.0	160.6	326.4	127.4	137.5
December	156.2	118.4	125.2	146.1	118.4	160.6	283.0	128.0	140.0

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



					Electronic	
	Non-metallic	Basic	Fabricated	Transport	equipment	
	mineral	metal	metal	equipment	and other	Other
	products	products	products	and parts	machinery	manufacturing
Period	(26)	(271-273)	(274-276)	(281-282)	(283-286)	(29)
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
2002-03	125.8	104.8	122.2	129.4	113.8	127.9
2003-04	129.2	106.7	125.3	127.0	113.1	127.8
2004-05	131.2	129.4	133.6	126.1	115.9	131.6
2005-06	134.1	152.9	140.6	126.3	118.6	138.5
2002						
March	117.9	107.4	118.4	129.4	114.2	130.1
June	121.6	105.7	119.7	128.9	113.9	132.3
September	123.1	106.3	120.5	129.0	114.0	128.6
December	125.6	106.1	121.8	130.0	114.0	127.9
2003						
March	126.7	105.4	122.6	129.9	113.9	128.2
June	127.8	101.3	123.9	128.7	113.3	126.9
September	128.5	101.2	124.4	128.5	112.8	126.4
December	128.9	101.8	124.6	126.9	112.2	127.4
2004						
March	129.2	106.9	124.9	126.4	113.2	128.7
June	130.3	116.8	127.4	126.3	114.0	128.5
September	129.7	126.0	130.9	125.7	115.1	129.7
December	131.3	126.7	132.5	126.6	115.6	131.6
2005						
March	130.5	129.5	134.3	126.4	116.0	132.2
June	133.2	135.3	136.8	125.5	117.0	132.9
September	133.3	137.0	139.2	126.0	117.7	135.1
December	133.8	141.1	141.1	125.9	117.9	136.3
2006						
March	134.5	155.5	140.4	125.7	119.1	139.4
June	134.6	178.0	141.6	127.6	119.7	143.1
September	135.2	186.5	143.0	129.6	121.6	140.9
December	136.4	190.8	145.4	130.9	123.0	142.6

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.

Period	Manufacturing division	Imported materials	Domestic materials
renou	uivisioii	materials	materials
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2002-03	131.9	125.4	136.7
2003-04	125.9	115.2	134.1
2004-05	137.1	120.8	149.7
2005-06	154.5	127.2	172.3
2002			
March	130.6	128.8	132.1
June	132.6	127.5	136.1
September	130.6	127.1	133.0
December	131.3	126.6	134.5
2003			
March	135.8	125.8	144.7
June	129.9	122.0	134.7
September	126.7	118.3	132.8
December	126.4	116.2	135.0
2004			
March	123.6	111.6	133.6
June	126.9	114.7	135.1
September	136.9	120.7	150.4
December	138.6	120.1	153.3
2005			
March	134.4	119.9	144.5
June	138.5	122.3	150.5
September	149.7	123.7	167.0
December	150.4	126.0	165.4
2006			
March	154.5	128.0	170.3
June	163.5	131.2	186.5
September	164.8	132.5	185.8
December	159.8	131.8	177.2

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.

Period	Manufacti	uring division	Imported materials			
				PREVIOU	S YEAR	
2002-03		-0.4		-3.8	1.9	
2002-03		-4.5		-8.1	-1.9	
2004-05		8.9		4.9	11.6	
2005–06		12.7		5.3	15.1	
					• • • • • • • • • • • • •	
PERCEN	TAGE C	HANGE F	ROM PI	REVIOUS	QUARTER	
2002 March		-1.1		-3.2	0.2	
June		1.5		-3.2 -1.0	3.0	
September		-1.5		-0.3	-2.3	
December		0.5		-0.4	1.1	
2003		0.0		0		
March		3.4		-0.6	7.6	
June		-4.3		-3.0	-6.9	
September		-2.5		-3.0	-1.4	
December		-0.2		-1.8	1.7	
2004						
March		-2.2		-4.0	-1.0	
June		2.7		2.8	1.1	
September		7.9		5.2	11.3	
December		1.2		-0.5	1.9	
2005						
March		-3.0		-0.2	-5.7	
June		3.1		2.0	4.2	
September		8.1		1.1	11.0	
December		0.5		1.9	-1.0	
2006		2.7		1.6	2.0	
March June		2.7 5.8		1.6 2.5	3.0 9.5	
September		0.8		1.0	-0.4	
December		-3.0		-0.5	-4.6	
					NG QUARTER	
		OF PREVI			-	
2002						
March		0.2		-3.1	2.4	
June		-3.7		-8.9	-0.5	
September		-2.9		-3.7	-2.5	
December		-0.5		-4.8	2.0	
2003						
March		4.0		-2.3	9.5	
June		-2.0		-4.3	-1.0	
September		-3.0		-6.9	-0.2	
December 2004		-3.7		-8.2	0.4	
March		0.0		11 2	-7.7	
June		−9.0 −2.3		-11.3 -6.0	0.3	
September		-2.3 8.1		2.0	13.3	
December		9.7		3.4	13.6	
2005		<b></b>		J	25.0	
March		8.7		7.4	8.2	
June		9.1		6.6	11.4	
September		9.3		2.5	11.0	
December		8.5		4.9	7.9	
2006						
March		15.0		6.8	17.9	
June		18.1		7.3	23.9	
September		10.1		7.1	11.3	
December		6.3		4.6	7.1	



# ${\tt MATERIALS\ USED\ IN\ MANUFACTURING\ INDUSTRIES (a):\ \textbf{Subdivision\ \&\ group}}$

	Food,				Leather		Paper	Printing,	
	beverages	Textiles	Knitting		and	Log sawmilling	and	publishing	Petroleum
	and	and textile	mills and		leather	and other	paper	and	and coal
	tobacco	products	clothing	Footwear	products	wood products	products	recorded	products
Period	(21)	(221-222)	(223-224)	(225)	(226)	(231-232)	(233)	media (24)	(251-252)
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2002-03	136.0	110.3	107.6	130.6	100.3	130.0	104.8	116.9	188.3
2003-04	136.5	100.5	103.2	124.1	86.0	125.2	103.1	110.3	164.0
2004-05	141.8	101.0	104.4	122.2	87.6	126.6	103.1	108.0	216.9
2005–06	143.8	100.1	104.3	121.4	86.2	133.5	105.8	108.6	296.1
2002									
March	139.9	108.8	109.1	129.3	98.7	135.7	109.4	120.1	156.8
June	136.7	109.3	107.6	131.9	103.0	135.2	107.8	119.8	180.4
September	128.6	109.1	108.2	130.3	99.7	131.5	106.4	118.8	189.0
December	135.8	112.1	108.3	130.1	103.9	130.1	104.5	116.9	184.5
2003									
March	140.2	111.8	107.7	130.8	99.2	129.9	102.9	116.9	207.9
June	139.5	108.2	106.2	131.1	98.2	128.3	105.5	115.1	171.9
September	137.0	105.4	105.6	125.4	88.4	127.2	105.5	111.6	160.2
December	137.6	100.8	103.2	124.4	89.9	125.5	103.5	111.9	163.6
2004									
March	135.9	97.4	101.6	122.9	82.4	123.8	101.1	109.2	156.8
June	135.5	98.5	102.5	123.7	83.1	124.4	102.4	108.4	175.4
September	141.8	101.1	104.5	122.6	87.4	124.0	104.9	107.9	208.8
December	143.7	100.2	104.9	121.6	89.8	125.9	101.3	107.8	229.1
2005									
March	141.2	101.7	104.9	122.2	87.0	127.2	102.4	107.8	202.4
June	140.4	101.1	103.2	122.2	86.1	129.2	103.9	108.4	227.2
September	145.1	98.4	103.6	121.8	85.0	130.1	104.2	108.9	288.3
December	142.0	99.2	102.8	120.6	84.8	132.6	104.7	108.6	279.9
2006									
March	142.0	100.5	105.2	121.8	87.1	135.7	106.5	107.7	291.4
June	145.9	102.1	105.4	121.4	87.7	135.7	107.6	109.3	324.8
September	145.2	103.2	106.6	123.8	91.9	133.5	111.4	109.6	328.6
December	148.5	103.7	107.6	124.0	92.1	134.3	111.2	109.7	278.4

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



							Electronic	
		Rubber	Non-metallic	Basic	Fabricated	Transport	equipment	
		and	mineral	metal	metal	equipment	and other	Other
	Chemicals	plastics	products	products	products	and parts		manufacturing
Period	(253-254)	(255-256)	(26)	(271-273)	(274-276)	(281-282)	(283-286)	(29)
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
2002-03	118.3	123.5	123.1	104.6	111.0	124.8	107.5	124.0
2003-04	116.9	117.5	128.8	102.0	114.0	120.4	107.1	120.9
2004–05	121.3	134.4	135.9	116.0	127.4	126.2	117.1	132.5
2005–06	124.7	135.9	139.1	147.0	140.1	132.6	125.1	141.2
2002								
March	120.0	120.5	117.5	106.4	110.7	124.5	107.1	123.5
June	118.4	118.3	119.4	106.4	109.9	124.2	106.9	123.3
September	119.3	122.3	119.8	105.8	110.4	124.9	107.5	124.3
December	118.6	123.4	122.7	104.8	110.5	125.4	107.4	124.2
2003								
March	117.9	122.8	123.2	106.0	112.0	125.3	107.9	124.3
June	117.3	125.6	126.7	101.8	111.1	123.5	107.1	123.1
September	116.8	118.7	127.6	101.3	111.9	121.6	106.5	121.2
December	116.4	116.6	127.3	101.3	111.7	120.8	106.5	120.2
2004								
March	116.4	114.5	127.8	101.3	112.5	118.3	105.6	119.6
June	118.1	120.1	132.3	104.1	119.8	120.8	109.7	122.5
September	121.3	126.7	135.0	115.2	125.3	124.3	114.0	127.4
December	121.5	140.0	135.9	114.5	125.8	125.7	116.6	131.6
2005								
March	121.3	135.0	135.3	115.7	127.5	126.4	116.1	133.7
June	120.9	135.9	137.3	118.5	130.9	128.2	121.7	137.3
September	120.5	129.0	137.8	132.4	136.0	130.2	121.0	137.8
December	122.4	135.7	137.7	139.1	136.9	131.0	122.5	138.7
2006								
March	126.3	137.1	138.6	150.6	139.6	133.1	125.7	141.9
June	129.6	141.7	142.2	165.7	147.9	136.1	131.2	146.4
September	132.1	146.2	142.2	170.8	149.0	137.6	135.4	148.6
December	135.0	152.0	142.4	177.9	157.5	138.5	137.6	149.5

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



		% change	% change from
		from	corresponding
	Index	previous	quarter of
Period	number	period	previous year
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •
2002-03	112.7	4.4	
2003-04	121.1	7.5	
2004-05	130.2	7.5	
2005-06	136.5	4.9	
2002			
March	108.2	0.8	1.9
June	109.5	1.2	3.5
September	110.5	0.9	3.6
December	111.4	0.8	3.8
2003			
March	113.0	1.4	4.4
June	115.8	2.5	5.8
September	117.9	1.8	6.7
December	119.4	1.3	7.2
2004			
March	122.3	2.4	8.2
June	124.9	2.1	7.9
September	126.7	1.4	7.5
December	129.3	2.1	8.3
2005			
March	131.6	1.8	7.6
June	133.0	1.1	6.5
September	134.5	1.1	6.2
December	135.8	1.0	5.0
2006			
March	136.9	0.8	4.0
June	138.8	1.4	4.4
September	140.3	1.1	4.3
December	141.4	0.8	4.1

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

Period	Building construction (411)	House construction (4111)	Residential building construction n.e.c. (4112)	Non-residential building construction (4113)	Non-building construction (412)	Road and bridge construction (4121)					
• • • • • • • • • •	•••••										
2002-03	112.4	116.5	110.4	109.6	116.0	116.0					
2003-04	121.2	123.7	121.0	119.5	120.8	120.8					
2004-05	130.6	130.6	132.1	131.3	125.8	125.8					
2005-06	136.8	136.1	138.7	138.2	133.2	133.2					
2002											
March	108.1	112.3	105.6	105.5	109.5	109.5					
June	109.2	113.4	106.8	106.5	112.1	112.1					
September	110.2	114.3	108.2	107.6	113.6	113.6					
December	111.0	115.2	108.8	108.1	115.3	115.3					
2003											
March	112.7	117.0	110.4	109.8	116.8	116.8					
June	115.5	119.3	114.1	112.8	118.4	118.4					
September	117.8	121.4	116.5	115.2	119.3	119.3					
December	119.3	122.9	118.4	116.7	120.3	120.3					
2004											
March	122.4	124.3	123.0	121.2	121.1	121.1					
June	125.1	126.2	126.0	124.7	122.3	122.3					
September	127.0	127.8	127.6	127.1	123.7	123.7					
December	129.7	129.8	131.3	130.3	125.2	125.2					
2005											
March	132.1	131.7	134.0	133.1	126.4	126.4					
June	133.5	132.9	135.3	134.8	127.8	127.8					
September	134.9	134.5	136.5	135.9	130.2	130.2					
December	136.1	135.7	137.9	137.1	132.3	132.3					
2006											
March	137.2	136.2	139.2	138.8	133.9	133.9					
June	139.1	137.8	141.0	141.0	136.5	136.5					
September	140.4	138.0	143.3	143.4	138.6	138.6					
December	141.6	138.8	144.0	145.2	139.5	139.5					

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

Weighted average of six State Period capital cities Sydney Melbourne Brisbane Adelaide Perth Hobart 2002-03 130.5 137.2 128.4 127.6 135.7 123.0 133.7 2003-04 134.3 142.3 131.1 132.1 138.4 125.8 139.4 2004-05 138.8 146.6 134.6 137.3 143.4 131.1 148.0 2005-06 142.0 149.5 137.0 140.8 145.8 136.0 151.0 2002 March 126.1 132.2 124.7 122.9 130.9 119.0 128.6 127.8 134.0 126.4 124.3 133.1 120.9 129.9 June September 128.8 134.7 127.0 126.1 134.5 121.8 131.6 December 130.1 136.7 128.1 127.2 135.2 122.8 132.6 2003 March 130.9 138.0 128.7 127.5 136.2 123.4 134.6 132.1 139.5 129.6 129.6 136.8 123.9 135.8 June September 132.9 140.7 130.1 130.6 137.4 124.6 136.8 December 141.9 130.5 137.3 125.2 137.7 133.6 131.1 2004 March 134.4 142.6 131.2 132.2 138.3 126.1 140.4 June 136.1 144.1 132.5 134.6 140.6 127.4 142.5 September 137.2 144.8 133.5 135.9 142.0 128.7 145.5 December 145.9 134.2 142.9 147.4 138.3 137.1 130.1 2005 March 139.3 147.1 135.2 137.4 143.9 131.7 148.6 June 140.5 148.5 135.6 138.9 144.7 134.0 150.4 September 141.0 148.8 136.1 139.4 145.2 134.7 151.9 December 150.0 141.5 148.8 136.7 140.3 145.4 135.0 2006 March 142.1 149.1 137.3 141.2 145.7 136.1 150.4 June 143.5 151.4 138.0 142.4 146.8 138.0 151.5 September 145.7 152.9 140.9 142.9 148.7 154.3 141.2 December 146.7 152.4 141.4 145.4 150.3 143.7 154.7

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.



Period	Weighted average of six State capital cities	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart
• • • • • • • • • •							
	PERCENTAGE	CHAN	IGE FROM	PREVIOUS	S YEAR		
2002-03	3.6	3.9	2.7	4.6	3.9	3.0	4.1
2003–04	2.9	3.7	2.1	3.5	2.0	2.3	4.3
2004–05	3.4	3.0	2.7	3.9	3.6	4.2	6.2
2005–06	2.3	2.0	1.8	2.5	1.7	3.7	2.0
• • • • • • • • • •	PERCENTAGE C	HANG	E FROM P	REVIOUS	QUARTER	?	• • • • •
2002							
March	0.7	0.6	0.2	1.8	0.6	0.1	0.8
June	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.7	1.6	1.0
September	0.8	0.5	0.5	1.4	1.1	0.7	1.3
December	1.0	1.5	0.9	0.9	0.5	8.0	0.8
2003	2.2			2.2	c =	c =	
March	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.5	1.5
June September	0.9 0.6	1.1 0.9	0.7 0.4	1.6 0.8	0.4 0.4	0.4 0.6	0.9 0.7
September December	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.8	-0.1	0.6	0.7
<b>2004</b>	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.1
March	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.7	2.0
June	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.8	1.7	1.0	1.5
September	0.8	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.1
December	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.6	1.1	1.3
2005							
March	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.7	1.2	0.8
June	0.9	1.0	0.3	1.1	0.6	1.7	1.2
September December	0.4 0.4	0.2	0.4 0.4	0.4 0.6	0.3 0.1	0.5 0.2	1.0 -1.3
2006	0.4	_	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.2	-1.3
March	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.8	0.3
June	1.0	1.5	0.5	0.8	0.8	1.4	0.7
September	1.5	1.0	2.1	0.4	1.3	2.3	1.8
December	0.7	-0.3	0.4	1.7	1.1	1.8	0.3
							• • • • •
PERCENTA	GE CHANGE FROM	CORR	ESPONDIN	IG QUART	ER OF P	REVIOUS '	YEAR
2002							
March	1.5	1.8	1.5	2.1	1.2	0.1	1.8
June	2.7	2.9	2.7	3.4	2.8	1.5	2.3
September	3.3	3.2	2.2	4.9	4.8	2.4	3.4
December	3.9	4.0	3.0	5.4	3.9	3.3	3.9
2003							
March	3.8	4.4	3.2	3.7	4.0	3.7	4.7
June	3.4	4.1	2.5	4.3	2.8	2.5	4.5
September December	3.2 2.7	4.5 3.8	2.4 1.9	3.6 3.1	2.2 1.6	2.3 2.0	4.0 3.8
<b>2004</b>	2.1	3.0	1.9	3.1	1.0	2.0	3.0
March	2.7	3.3	1.9	3.7	1.5	2.2	4.3
June	3.0	3.3	2.2	3.9	2.8	2.8	4.9
September	3.2	2.9	2.6	4.1	3.3	3.3	6.4
December	3.5	2.8	2.8	4.6	4.1	3.9	7.0
2005							_
March	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.9	4.0	4.4	5.8
June	3.2	3.1	2.3	3.2	2.9	5.2 4.7	5.5
September December	2.8 2.3	2.8 2.0	1.9 1.9	2.6 2.3	2.3 1.7	4.7 3.8	4.4 1.8
<b>2006</b>	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.3	1.1	3.0	1.0
March	2.0	1.4	1.6	2.8	1.3	3.3	1.2
June	2.1	2.0	1.8	2.5	1.5	3.0	0.7
September	3.3	2.8	3.5	2.5	2.4	4.8	1.6
December	3.7	2.4	3.4	3.6	3.4	6.4	3.1

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)



### MATERIALS USED IN BUILDING OTHER THAN HOUSE BUILDING(a)(b)

	average of six State						
Period	capital cities	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
2002-03	123.6	123.0	122.7	126.9	123.5	122.8	124.2
2003–04	127.7	127.1	126.7	131.2	126.8	127.7	127.0
2004–05 2005–06							
2002							
March	118.4	117.9	117.6	120.7	119.0	117.3	121.6
June	120.3	120.0	119.3	122.5	120.7	119.7	122.8
September	121.6	121.0	120.8	125.1	121.8	120.3	123.5
December	122.8	122.1	121.8	126.1	123.3	122.4	123.7
2003							
March	124.1	123.5	123.4	127.4	123.8	123.6	124.2
June	125.7	125.3	124.8	128.8	125.1	125.0	125.4
September	126.3	126.0	125.2	129.3	125.6	125.6	126.0
December	126.7	126.4	125.4	130.2	125.7	126.9	126.1
2004							
March	126.9	126.3	126.1	130.4	126.1	126.9	126.5
June	130.7	129.8	129.9	134.8	129.7	131.2	129.5
September							
December							
2005							
March							
June							
September							
December							
2006							
March							
June							
September							
December							

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

Weighted

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.

<sup>(</sup>b) Series discontinued from June quarter 2004.



### MATERIALS USED IN BUILDING OTHER THAN HOUSE BUILDING(a)

	Period	Weighted average of six State capital cities	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart
March				• • • • • • • •				
2003-04         3.3         3.3         3.4         2.7         4.0         2.3           2005-06  .		PERCENTAGE	CHAN	GE FROM	PREVIOU	S YEAR		
PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS QUARTER								
	2003-00	• •						
March	• • • • • • • • • •	PERCENTAGE C	HANGI					• • • • • •
June	2002							
September	March	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	_	0.9
December   1.0								
March	•							
March         1.1         1.1         1.3         1.0         0.4         1.0         0.4           June         1.3         1.5         1.1 <td></td> <td>1.0</td> <td>0.9</td> <td>0.8</td> <td>0.8</td> <td>1.2</td> <td>1.7</td> <td>0.2</td>		1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.2	1.7	0.2
June		1 1	1 1	1 2	1.0	0.4	1.0	0.4
September								
March								
March         0.2         -0.1         0.6         0.2         0.3         —         0.3           June         3.0         2.8         3.0         3.4         2.9         3.4         2.4           September	December	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.1	1.0	0.1
June   3.0   2.8   3.0   3.4   2.9   3.4   2.4   September	2004							
September								
December		3.0	2.8	3.0	3.4	2.9	3.4	2.4
March								
March			• •				• •	
June								
September December								
December								
March June								
June	2006							
September December	March							
December         CHANGE FROM CORRESPONDING QUARTER OF PREVIOUS YEAR           2002           March         1.5         1.3         1.6         1.3         1.9         1.1         1.2           June         2.6         2.8         2.5         2.7         2.8         2.5         2.2           September         3.5         3.3         3.4         4.3         3.9         3.2         2.7           December         4.0         3.7         3.8         5.0         4.2         4.3         2.7           2003         Warch         4.8         4.7         4.9         5.6         4.0         5.4         2.1           June         4.5         4.4         4.6         5.1         3.6         4.4         2.1           September         3.9         4.1         3.6         3.4         3.1         4.4         2.0           December         3.2         3.5         3.0         3.3         1.9         2.7         1.9           June         4.0         3.6         4.1         4.7         3.7         5.0         3.3           September         5.0         5.0         5.0         5.0								
PERCENTAGE         CHANGE         FROM         CORRESPONDING         QUARTER         OF         PREVIOUS         YEAR           2002           March         1.5         1.3         1.6         1.3         1.9         1.1         1.2           June         2.6         2.8         2.5         2.7         2.8         2.5         2.2           September         3.5         3.3         3.4         4.3         3.9         3.2         2.7           December         4.0         3.7         3.8         5.0         4.2         4.3         2.7           2003         3         3.4         4.3         3.9         3.2         2.7           December         4.8         4.7         4.9         5.6         4.0         5.4         2.1           June         4.5         4.4         4.6         5.1         3.6         4.4         2.1           September         3.9         4.1         3.6         3.4         3.1         4.4         2.0           December         3.2         2.3         2.2         2.4         1.9         2.7         1.9 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
PERCENTAGE CHANGE FROM CORRESPONDING QUARTER OF PREVIOUS YEAR           2002           March         1.5         1.3         1.6         1.3         1.9         1.1         1.2           June         2.6         2.8         2.5         2.7         2.8         2.5         2.2           September         3.5         3.3         3.4         4.3         3.9         3.2         2.7           December         4.0         3.7         3.8         5.0         4.2         4.3         2.7           2003         Warch         4.8         4.7         4.9         5.6         4.0         5.4         2.1           June         4.5         4.4         4.6         5.1         3.6         4.4         2.1           September         3.9         4.1         3.6         3.4         3.1         4.4         2.0           December         3.9         4.1         3.6         3.4         3.1         4.4         2.0           December         3.2         2.3         2.2         2.4         1.9         2.7         1.9           June         4.0         3.6         4.1         4.7         3.7	December		• •				• •	
March       1.5       1.3       1.6       1.3       1.9       1.1       1.2         June       2.6       2.8       2.5       2.7       2.8       2.5       2.2         September       3.5       3.3       3.4       4.3       3.9       3.2       2.7         December       4.0       3.7       3.8       5.0       4.2       4.3       2.7         2003       Warch       4.8       4.7       4.9       5.6       4.0       5.4       2.1         June       4.5       4.4       4.6       5.1       3.6       4.4       2.1         September       3.9       4.1       3.6       3.4       3.1       4.4       2.0         December       3.2       3.5       3.0       3.3       1.9       3.7       1.9         2004       March       2.3       2.3       2.2       2.4       1.9       2.7       1.9         June       4.0       3.6       4.1       4.7       3.7       5.0       3.3         September       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       . <t< td=""><td>PERCENTA</td><td>GE CHANGE FROM</td><td>CORR</td><td></td><td></td><td>ER OF PI</td><td>REVIOUS</td><td>YEAR</td></t<>	PERCENTA	GE CHANGE FROM	CORR			ER OF PI	REVIOUS	YEAR
March         1.5         1.3         1.6         1.3         1.9         1.1         1.2           June         2.6         2.8         2.5         2.7         2.8         2.5         2.2           September         3.5         3.3         3.4         4.3         3.9         3.2         2.7           December         4.0         3.7         3.8         5.0         4.2         4.3         2.7           2003         Warch         4.8         4.7         4.9         5.6         4.0         5.4         2.1           June         4.5         4.4         4.6         5.1         3.6         4.4         2.1           September         3.9         4.1         3.6         3.4         3.1         4.4         2.0           December         3.2         3.5         3.0         3.3         1.9         3.7         1.9           2004         March         2.3         2.3         2.2         2.4         1.9         2.7         1.9           June         4.0         3.6         4.1         4.7         3.7         5.0         3.3           September           <					•			
June         2.6         2.8         2.5         2.7         2.8         2.5         2.2           September         3.5         3.3         3.4         4.3         3.9         3.2         2.7           December         4.0         3.7         3.8         5.0         4.2         4.3         2.7           2003         *** September*** September*** September*** September*** September** Sept		1.5	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.9	1.1	1.2
December         4.0         3.7         3.8         5.0         4.2         4.3         2.7           2003           March         4.8         4.7         4.9         5.6         4.0         5.4         2.1           June         4.5         4.4         4.6         5.1         3.6         4.4         2.1           September on December         3.9         4.1         3.6         3.4         3.1         4.4         2.0           December on December         3.2         3.5         3.0         3.3         1.9         3.7         1.9           June on March on December on Dec		2.6	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.2
March       4.8       4.7       4.9       5.6       4.0       5.4       2.1         June       4.5       4.4       4.6       5.1       3.6       4.4       2.1         September       3.9       4.1       3.6       3.4       3.1       4.4       2.0         December       3.2       3.5       3.0       3.3       1.9       3.7       1.9         2004       March       2.3       2.3       2.2       2.4       1.9       2.7       1.9         June       4.0       3.6       4.1       4.7       3.7       5.0       3.3         September	September							
March         4.8         4.7         4.9         5.6         4.0         5.4         2.1           June         4.5         4.4         4.6         5.1         3.6         4.4         2.1           September         3.9         4.1         3.6         3.4         3.1         4.4         2.0           December         3.2         3.5         3.0         3.3         1.9         3.7         1.9           2004         Warch         2.3         2.3         2.2         2.4         1.9         2.7         1.9           June         4.0         3.6         4.1         4.7         3.7         5.0         3.3           September   <	December	4.0	3.7	3.8	5.0	4.2	4.3	2.7
June         4.5         4.4         4.6         5.1         3.6         4.4         2.1           September         3.9         4.1         3.6         3.4         3.1         4.4         2.0           December         3.2         3.5         3.0         3.3         1.9         3.7         1.9           2004         Warch         2.3         2.3         2.2         2.4         1.9         2.7         1.9           June         4.0         3.6         4.1         4.7         3.7         5.0         3.3           September  <								
September December         3.9         4.1         3.6         3.4         3.1         4.4         2.0           2004         Warch         2.3         2.3         2.2         2.4         1.9         2.7         1.9           June         4.0         3.6         4.1         4.7         3.7         5.0         3.3           September December         0.         0.         0.         0.         0.         0.         0.           March June         0.								
December         3.2         3.5         3.0         3.3         1.9         3.7         1.9           2004         Warch         2.3         2.3         2.2         2.4         1.9         2.7         1.9           June         4.0         3.6         4.1         4.7         3.7         5.0         3.3           September                  December   <								
March         2.3         2.3         2.2         2.4         1.9         2.7         1.9           June         4.0         3.6         4.1         4.7         3.7         5.0         3.3           September								
June         4.0         3.6         4.1         4.7         3.7         5.0         3.3           September	2004							
September         December           2005         March           June         September           December         December           2006         March           June         September           September         September	March	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.4	1.9	2.7	1.9
December         2005           March            June            September            December            2006         March           June            September		4.0	3.6	4.1	4.7	3.7	5.0	3.3
2005  March June September December  2006 March June September  September  March September								
March          June          September          December          2006       March         June          September								
June          September          December          2006          March          June          September								
September          December          2006       March         June          September						• •		
December          2006          March          June          September		• •	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •
2006         March          June          September	•							
March <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
September								
	June							
December								
••••••••••••	December							
	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • •

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

<sup>(</sup>a) Series discontinued from June quarter 2004.

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

### MATERIALS USED IN COAL MINING(a)

	OPEN CUT MINING			UNDERGROUND MINING					
	••••••	•••••	•••••••	•••••••	•••••	•••••••			
		% change	% change from		% change	% change from			
		from	corresponding		from	corresponding			
	Index	previous	quarter of	Index	previous	quarter of			
Period	numbers	period	previous year	numbers	period	previous year			
2002-03	134.3	3.6		129.9	1.9				
2003-04	132.6	-1.3		129.9	_				
2004-05	144.8	9.2		139.1	7.1				
2005-06	161.2	11.3		150.1	7.9				
2002									
March	127.4	-2.2	0.5	127.8	-0.5	3.5			
June	129.1	1.3	-1.0	126.3	-1.2	-0.7			
September	133.4	3.3	1.5	130.4	3.2	2.4			
December	134.9	1.1	3.5	129.6	-0.6	0.9			
2003									
March	134.4	-0.4	5.5	129.3	-0.2	1.2			
June	134.3	-0.1	4.0	130.1	0.6	3.0			
September	129.5	-3.6	-2.9	130.3	0.2	-0.1			
December	131.5	1.5	-2.5	129.7	-0.5	0.1			
2004									
March	132.1	0.5	-1.7	129.5	-0.2	0.2			
June	137.3	3.9	2.2	130.1	0.5	_			
September	140.9	2.6	8.8	132.4	1.8	1.6			
December	144.8	2.8	10.1	136.1	2.8	4.9			
2005									
March	143.0	-1.2	8.3	142.6	4.8	10.1			
June	150.5	5.2	9.6	145.3	1.9	11.7			
September	157.3	4.5	11.6	148.2	2.0	11.9			
December	158.3	0.6	9.3	149.2	0.7	9.6			
2006									
March	162.3	2.5	13.5	151.0	1.2	5.9			
June	167.0	2.9	11.0	152.0	0.7	4.6			
September	170.3	2.0	8.3	154.2	1.4	4.0			
December	164.2	-3.6	3.7	159.0	3.1	6.6			

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1989-90 = 100.0.

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

		% change	% change from
		from	corresponding
	Index	previous	quarter of
Period	numbers	period	previous year
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
2002-03	105.2	1.9	
2003-04	107.1	1.8	
2004-05	111.2	3.8	
2005-06	115.9	4.2	
2002			
March	103.0	-0.3	0.2
June	103.3	0.3	0.1
September	103.5	0.2	0.3
December	104.9	1.4	1.5
2003			
March	105.9	1.0	2.8
June	106.3	0.4	2.9
September	106.1	-0.2	2.5
December	106.6	0.5	1.6
2004			
March	107.8	1.1	1.8
June	107.8	_	1.4
September	109.6	1.7	3.3
December	111.5	1.7	4.6
2005			
March	111.0	-0.4	3.0
June	112.5	1.4	4.4
September	114.0	1.3	4.0
December	115.3	1.1	3.4
2006			
March	116.6	1.1	5.0
June	117.8	1.0	4.7
September	119.1	1.1	4.5
December	118.4	-0.6	2.7

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



# ${\tt OUTPUT\ OF\ THE\ TRANSPORT\ (FREIGHT)\ \&\ STORAGE\ INDUSTRIES(a):\ \textbf{Subdivision\ indexes}}$

Period	Road transport (61)	Rail transport (62)	Water transport (63)	Air and space transport (64)	Other transport (65)	Services to transport (66)	Storage (67)	
2002-03	107.3	94.8	106.3	111.4	103.4	100.2	103.3	
2003-04	110.2	95.7	105.2	114.4	101.7	101.4	104.9	
2004-05	115.8	96.7	114.3	111.1	107.8	104.2	107.6	
2005-06	123.0	98.0	111.2	119.5	107.5	106.6	113.6	
2002								
March	105.2	94.1	108.2	103.3	103.2	97.0	101.5	
June	105.3	94.0	108.6	104.4	103.3	97.3	102.1	
September	105.4	94.7	106.7	104.5	101.3	100.2	102.2	
December	106.6	93.6	107.2	113.8	101.3	100.6	102.3	
2003								
March	108.1	95.6	106.7	113.2	105.2	99.8	104.4	
June	109.2	95.4	104.6	114.2	105.9	100.0	104.4	
September	109.2	94.8	101.0	114.7	105.9	100.8	104.6	
December	109.8	95.0	102.0	114.6	105.8	101.1	104.9	
2004								
March	110.7	97.3	108.5	115.2	97.5	101.2	105.2	
June	111.0	95.7	109.1	113.1	97.6	102.5	104.8	
September	112.7	97.3	114.1	112.8	107.7	103.0	106.2	
December	115.6	98.0	116.1	113.0	107.4	104.0	107.1	
2005								
March	116.4	95.9	112.0	109.4	108.2	104.0	107.7	
June	118.5	95.7	115.0	109.3	107.9	105.6	109.2	
September	120.1	97.4	109.8	118.8	108.2	105.9	110.3	
December	121.8	98.1	112.5	120.5	108.1	104.1	114.1	
2006								
March	124.2	96.9	111.5	120.5	106.7	107.3	114.8	
June	125.9	99.6	111.1	118.1	106.8	109.2	115.3	
September	127.9	101.7	110.9	119.0	106.8	108.8	117.0	
December	126.0	98.8	112.4	116.3	106.9	112.8	118.2	

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



## PROPERTY & BUSINESS SERVICES INDUSTRIES (a): ${\bf Division\ index}$

Period	Index numbers	% change from previous period	% change from corresponding quarter of previous year
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •
2002-03	113.5	2.6	
2003-04	117.3	3.3	
2004-05	120.3	2.6	
2005–06	125.6	4.4	
2002			
March	110.9	0.5	2.5
June	111.4	0.5	2.6
September	112.3	8.0	2.4
December	113.1	0.7	2.5
2003			
March	114.0	8.0	2.8
June	114.5	0.4	2.8
September	115.9	1.2	3.2
December	116.5	0.5	3.0
2004			
March	118.1	1.4	3.6
June	118.5	0.3	3.5
September	119.2	0.6	2.8
December	119.9	0.6	2.9
2005			
March	120.6	0.6	2.1
June	121.5	0.7	2.5
September	123.8	1.9	3.9
December	125.4	1.3	4.6
2006			
March	125.8	0.3	4.3
June	127.5	1.4	4.9
September	130.7	2.5	5.6
December	132.6	1.5	5.7

<sup>..</sup> not applicable

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



# PROPERTY & BUSINESS SERVICES INDUSTRIES(a): Subdivision & group indexes

		Property		Machinery				
	Property	operators and	Real estate	equipment	Business	Scientific	Technical	Computer
	services	developers	agents	hiring and	services	research	services	services
Period	(77)	(771)	(772)	leasing (774)	(78)	(781)	(782)	(783)
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2002-03	113.3	111.2	149.7	100.0	113.6	113.5	113.4	114.7
2003-04	116.9	111.6	169.0	104.0	117.5	114.3	119.7	115.4
2004-05	121.0	115.6	175.7	106.9	119.9	117.4	124.2	115.1
2005–06	127.6	122.3	186.8	109.2	124.4	124.1	134.0	117.2
2002								
March	111.6	111.8	135.7	98.6	110.5	107.0	107.1	112.9
June	112.1	111.8	139.1	98.8	110.9	107.2	107.8	112.6
September	112.3	111.1	143.8	98.7	112.3	112.4	112.1	113.2
December	112.9	111.1	147.4	100.1	113.2	112.8	112.9	115.1
2003								
March	113.9	111.6	151.9	100.3	114.0	113.8	113.5	115.2
June	114.1	111.0	155.5	100.7	114.8	115.0	114.9	115.4
September	115.3	111.2	161.5	102.4	116.3	115.1	118.9	115.4
December	116.1	111.3	165.4	103.6	116.8	114.2	119.3	114.7
2004								
March	117.5	111.7	172.9	104.2	118.4	114.0	119.5	115.7
June	118.6	112.3	176.1	105.6	118.5	113.8	121.1	115.9
September	119.3	113.4	175.8	105.4	119.2	115.1	123.1	114.8
December	120.3	114.9	175.2	105.7	119.7	115.6	124.0	115.5
2005								
March	121.7	116.4	175.4	107.9	120.0	117.2	124.3	114.8
June	122.7	117.5	176.4	108.5	120.8	121.6	125.5	115.1
September	124.6	119.1	181.7	108.9	123.3	123.7	132.4	115.6
December	126.8	121.7	184.0	108.8	124.6	124.0	133.3	117.9
2006								
March	128.1	122.8	187.3	109.4	124.4	124.0	135.0	117.5
June	131.0	125.5	194.0	109.5	125.3	124.5	135.3	117.6
September	134.4	127.8	205.0	110.4	128.4	129.7	141.7	118.8
December	137.4	130.7	211.0	111.5	129.7	129.6	143.0	121.0

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.



	Marketing and			
	Legal	business		
	and accounting	management	Other business	
Period	services (784)	services (785)	services (786)	
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	
2002-03	117.7	117.0	108.9	
2003-04	124.4	120.1	113.3	
2004-05	129.0	120.6	116.8	
2005-06	136.9	123.7	119.7	
2002				
March	113.4	115.4	105.9	
June	114.9	115.8	106.2	
September	116.8	115.2	107.8	
December	117.4	116.0	108.4	
2003				
March	117.9	117.8	109.3	
June	118.5	119.0	110.2	
September	121.5	119.3	111.9	
December	122.0	120.4	113.0	
2004				
March	127.1	121.1	113.8	
June	126.9	119.6	114.6	
September	128.0	120.8	115.5	
December	128.4	120.8	116.1	
2005				
March	129.1	120.6	117.2	
June	130.6	120.2	118.4	
September	135.3	122.2	119.8	
December	137.8	122.8	119.8	
2006	400 =	400.0	440.4	
March	136.7	123.6	119.4	
June	137.7	126.2	119.8	
September	142.4	128.2	122.6	
December	143.1	128.5	124.4	

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference base of each index: 1998-99 = 100.0.

### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

INTRODUCTION

- **1** This publication contains a range of producer price indexes. Economy-wide indexes are presented within a stage of production framework, followed by a set of indexes relating to specific industries (selected manufacturing, construction, mining and service industries).
- **2** Index numbers for the recently established producer price indexes, i.e. stage of production and the service industry and construction industry output indexes, are calculated on the reference base 1998-99=100.0. The index numbers for the other, longer established producer price indexes are calculated on the reference base 1989-90=100.0.
- **3** Producer price indexes can be constructed as either output measures or input measures. Output indexes measure changes in the prices of sales by a defined sector of the economy while input indexes measure changes in the prices of purchases by a particular economic sector.
- **4** The valuation basis for the transactions covered by an output index is basic prices, defined as the amount received by the producer exclusive of any taxes on products and transport and trade margins (i.e. the pricing point is ex-factory, ex-farm, ex-service provider, etc.).
- **5** On the other hand, an input index has a valuation basis of purchasers' prices, defined as the amount paid by the purchaser inclusive of any non-deductible taxes on products and transport and trade margins (i.e. the prices recorded in the index should be those relating to delivered into store, delivered on site, etc.).
- **6** In reality, industry practice may mean that it is sometimes necessary to diverge from the conceptual ideal in order to obtain actual transaction prices. For example, although the pricing point for the output index Price Indexes of Articles Produced by Manufacturing Industries is ex-factory, in cases where costs such as handling and distribution are built into the manufacturer's selling price, they will be included in the index
- **7** Similarly, for input indexes such as the Price Index of Materials Used In House Building, which has a pricing point of delivered on site, it has sometimes been necessary to use the nearest actual transaction price available, e.g. prices of materials supplied and fixed
- **8** The GST is excluded from all the prices recorded in the current producer price indexes because, in the main, it is deductible on business-to-business transactions. In the case of future service industry output indexes relating to business-to-household transactions, the GST will also be excluded because the pricing basis will be basic prices (i.e. exclusive of product taxes).
- **9** The indexes are fixed weighted indexes of the Laspeyres form. The list of items and the weights are updated periodically to ensure they remain representative. New index series compiled using updated weights are linked to the previous series to maintain a continuous series. Broad level weights are derived from an analysis of the latest available
- **10** Where prices of items are expected to move in a similar way, many of the directly priced items carry not only their own weight but also the weight of similar commodities.

input-output tables as well as other ABS and industry sources.

**11** The main sources of ongoing price data are samples of businesses. The samples can relate to either buyers or sellers, or a combination of both. The choice is influenced by the pricing point of the index (output or input) and practical considerations such as the relative degree of concentration of buyers, and of sellers, and the implications for sample sizes and costs.

GENERAL

Output and input indexes

Valuation basis

Items and weights

Price measurement

Price measurement continued

- **12** The main pricing methodology used is specification pricing, under which a manageable sample of precisely specified products is selected, in consultation with each reporting business, for repeat pricing. In specifying the products, care is taken to ensure that they are fully defined in terms of all the characteristics which influence their transaction prices. As such, all the relevant technical characteristics need to be described (e.g. make, model, features) along with the unit of sale, type of packaging, conditions of sale (e.g. delivered, payment within 30 days), etc.
- **13** When the quality or the specifications of an item being priced change over time, adjustments are made to the reported prices so that the index captures only pure price change. That is, any element of price change attributable to a change in quality is removed. If there is an increase (decrease) in the quality of an item, then the price is adjusted downwards (upwards) to reflect the 'worth' of the quality change. This technique is known as pricing to constant quality.
- **14** Another very important consideration in establishing and maintaining price collections is to ensure that the prices reported are actual market transaction prices. That is, they must reflect the net prices received (or paid) after taking into account all discounts applied to the transactions whether they be volume discounts, settlement discounts or competitive price cutting discounts which are likely to fluctuate with market conditions.
- **15** Any rebates also need to be considered. The collection of nominal list prices, or book prices, is unlikely to yield reliable price indexes and could result in quite misleading results if fluctuations in transaction prices are not captured. The ABS therefore asks respondent businesses to report details of the discounts they offer so that actual transaction prices can be calculated. In addition, as many different types of discounts apply to business-to-business transactions (see paragraph 14), considerable effort is put into monitoring discount practices in order to identify changes to existing discounts and the introduction of new ones.
- **16** Specification pricing is not feasible in cases where the products are unique and not reproduced over time, e.g. construction industry output and many of the customised business services. As a result alternative pricing techniques need to be used, often involving compromise. Some of the approaches adopted include the use of model pricing, collecting unit values for reasonably homogeneous components of a good or service, input pricing and collecting charge-out rates (e.g. for a legal service).
- **17** As far as possible the industry sector indexes have been constructed in accordance with the *Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification* (ANZSIC). The Stage of Production 'contribution to change' tables (tables 5–9) are also presented in terms of the ANZSIC.
- **18** Tables 1–9 present producer price indexes for the supply of commodities to the Australian economy in a stage of production (SOP) framework. As such, the indexes cover both domestically produced and imported commodities, individually and in aggregate. The SOP indexes are compiled from data used in the industry sector indexes, the international trade indexes and some additional data collections. The indexes are calculated on the reference base 1998–99=100.0.
- **19** These indexes are compiled within the statistical framework outlined in the 1997 ABS *Information Paper: An Analytical Framework for Price Indexes in Australia* (cat. no. 6421.0) and are designed to support the study of inflation.
- **20** A more detailed explanation of the SOP concept is contained in the ABS *Information Paper: Producer Price Index Developments* (cat. no. 6422.0), released on 25 March 1999. The index numbers in this current publication cannot be directly compared with the experimental index numbers in the information paper because:

Classifications

STAGE OF PRODUCTION
(SOP) PRODUCER PRICE
INDEXES

Introduction

Introduction continued

- the coverage of the series has been expanded to include selected service and construction industries; and
- the weighting patterns of the indexes have been updated to 1996–97 and the reference base of the indexes has been updated to 1998–99=100.0.

Pricing basis

**21** In concept the valuation basis of the SOP indexes is basic prices (see paragraphs 4–8). However, the use of component series from existing ABS price collections in some cases results in the pricing basis diverging from this ideal. For example, imports are priced on a 'free-on-board' (f.o.b) basis, not 'cost, insurance, freight' (c.i.f), which approximates basic prices.

The SOP concept

- 22 The indexes are compiled using the SOP concept. Under this concept flows of commodities are categorised according to their economic destination on a sequential basis along the production chain. The basis for the categorisation is the Australian input–output tables (1996–97). The primary categorisation is between final commodities (i.e. commodities destined for final consumption, capital formation or export) and non-final commodities (i.e. commodities that flow into intermediate consumption for further processing).
- 23 This initial breakdown of the commodity flows into final and non-final represents a useful economic dissection of producers' transactions. However, the non-final commodities can flow into the production of both final and other non-final commodities. Therefore, to aid analysis, the non-final commodity flows have been divided on a sequential basis between Stage 1 (or preliminary) commodities and Stage 2 (or intermediate) commodities as illustrated below. This approach results in three separate stages of production.



- **24** The three stages are not aggregated in order to avoid the potential distorting effects that may result from multiple counting of changes in transaction prices as commodities flow through different production processes.
- **25** Under this framework, preliminary (Stage 1) commodities are used in the production of intermediate (Stage 2) commodities; in turn intermediate (Stage 2) commodities flow into the production of final (Stage 3) commodities.
- **26** The framework allows for analyses of price change as commodities flow through production processes. Price changes for earlier stages of production may be indicators of possible future price changes for later stages.

Transaction flow approach

- **27** The ABS has adopted a transaction flow approach in disaggregating commodity supply into the various production stages. This approach means that the assignment of a commodity to a stage is based on the proximity of its use in final demand.
- 28 Alternative degree of fabrication or principal destination approaches are employed by statistical agencies in some other countries. These approaches result in the allocation of particular commodities to one, and only one, stage. This would present particular problems for Australia due to the openness of the economy, with exports (and imports) equivalent to about 20% of gross domestic product. Commodities such as wheat, wool, and iron ore are exported in large volumes as well as being further processed locally. The allocation of such commodities to a single stage would be very arbitrary by necessity.

Transaction flow approach continued

Scope and coverage

- and domestically used wheat are treated as different commodities for index construction purposes. Under this approach commodities transactions can be allocated to more than one stage. Exported wheat is treated as a final (Stage 3) commodity while wheat used domestically to make the flour used in bread production is considered to be a preliminary (Stage 1) commodity. Similarly, commodities such as energy and containers appear under all three categories.
- **30** Producer price indexes conventionally relate to the output of domestic industries, at basic prices, either inclusive or exclusive of exports. As the main focus is on domestic inflation, exports are excluded from the headline SOP series 'Final (Stage 3) commodities', as presented in the key figures on the front page and in tables 1–6. Index series for Final (Stage 3) commodities including exports are available in tables 26 & 27 on the ABS web site <www.abs.gov.au>.
- **31** Imports have also been incorporated within the framework, recognising that they represent an important potential source of inflationary pressure.
- **32** In concept, the SOP indexes incorporate all flows of goods and services. However, currently there is limited coverage of service industries and the construction industry by the producer price indexes (see sections on construction industry and service industries producer price indexes below).
- **33** Price indexes for most transport and storage services (division I of ANZSIC) and property and business services (division L of ANZSIC) industries have been included in the SOP framework. However, price series for most Final (Stage 3) consumer services are not currently available on a sufficiently timely basis to allow their inclusion in the indexes. This has the effect of decreasing the relative weight of consumer items versus capital items in the final stage. It is intended to introduce additional services price series as they become available, along with the consequential weight changes.
- **34** Index coverage for the construction industry (division E of ANZSIC) is currently limited to the output of the following ANZSIC classes:
  - 4111 House construction;
  - 4112 Residential building construction n.e.c.;
  - 4113 Non-residential building construction; and
  - 4121 Road and bridge construction.
- **35** As with services, it is intended to introduce further construction price series as they become available.

Items and weights

**36** The items included in the indexes reflect the values of commodity flows, for both domestic supply and imports, allocated to stages based on an analysis of detailed 1996–97 input–output tables. The index structures and weighting patterns for the SOP indexes are shown in the Appendix of the December 2002 issue of Producer Price Indexes, Australia (cat. no. 6427.0).

Comparisons with the Consumer Price Index

- **37** Final (Stage 3) indexes are presented for consumer commodities. It should be noted that this index is not directly comparable with the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The two indexes differ significantly in concept and coverage. The major differences are:
- the pricing basis for the Final (Stage 3) SOP consumer index is basic prices (see paragraph 21). The CPI, however, measures changes in purchasers' prices, i.e. the actual retail prices paid by households for products, inclusive of non-deductible taxes on products, such as the GST, and any transport and trade margins;
- the coverage of the two indexes differs. Currently the Final (Stage 3) SOP consumer index mainly measures changes in the prices of goods, i.e. most household services are currently excluded from the index (see paragraph 33). The CPI covers both goods and services;

Comparisons with the Consumer Price Index continued

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY
PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES
Introduction

- the indexes have different weighting bases. The weighting pattern for the Final (Stage 3) SOP consumer index is based on the 1996–97 input-output tables, while the CPI weighting pattern is based on the 2003–04 Household Expenditure Survey.
- **38** The manufacturing industry producer price indexes relate to the outputs (i.e. articles produced) and inputs (i.e. materials used) of establishments classified to designated sectors of the Australian manufacturing industry. They are important sources of data for the SOP indexes.
- **39** Tables 10 and 11 present the Price Indexes of Articles Produced by Manufacturing Industries and tables 12–14 present the Price Indexes of Materials Used in Manufacturing Industries. Basic prices are used for the output index and purchasers' prices for the input index (see paragraphs 4–8). Therefore, as far as possible, ex-factory prices are included in the output index and delivered into factory prices in the input index.
- **40** Table 47, which is available on the ABS web site, presents Price Indexes of Copper Materials used in the manufacture of electrical equipment.
- **41** All of the manufacturing indexes are calculated on the reference base 1989–90=100.0.
- 42 The manufacturing indexes are constructed on a net sector basis with intra-sector transactions netted out. The scope of the output index is therefore restricted to transactions in articles produced by the defined sector of Australian manufacturing industry that are sold or transferred to domestic establishments outside that sector, or used as capital equipment, or exported. The scope of the input index relates to transactions in materials used in the defined sector of Australian manufacturing industry that are produced by domestic establishments outside that sector or imported.
- 43 The manufacturing division output index (table 10) measures changes in prices of articles produced by establishments classified to ANZSIC division C, Manufacturing, that are sold or transferred to domestic establishments outside the manufacturing division for intermediate use, or used as capital equipment, or exported. It excludes intermediate transactions in articles produced by establishments within the manufacturing division and sold or transferred to other establishments within the manufacturing division for further processing.
- 44 Similarly, the manufacturing division input index (tables 12 and 13) measures changes in prices of materials used by establishments classified to ANZSIC division C, Manufacturing, that have been purchased or transferred in from domestic establishments outside the manufacturing division or imported. It excludes intermediate transactions in materials produced by establishments within the manufacturing division and sold or transferred to other establishments within the manufacturing division for further processing.
- **45** An advantage of the net sector approach over the alternative gross sector approach (under which the intra-sector transactions would be in-scope) is that it avoids the potential distorting effects that may result from multiple counting of changes in transaction prices as commodities flow through different production processes.
- 46 On the other hand, although conceptually valid, the exclusion of the internal intermediate transactions from the net sector manufacturing division indexes results in incomplete coverage of the targeted sector of the economy. In order to increase coverage, while still avoiding the multiple counting issue, independent net sector measures have been constructed for ANZSIC manufacturing subdivisions and groups. While having intermediate transactions between different manufacturers within a given subdivision or group netted out, intermediate transactions with manufacturers in other subdivisions/groups are in-scope.

Scope

Classification

Classification continued

- **47** The output indexes for ANZSIC subdivisions and groups (table 11) measure changes in prices of articles produced by establishments classified to each defined ANZSIC manufacturing sector which are sold or transferred to establishments outside that sector. These exclude intermediate transactions in articles produced by establishments within the specific sector and sold or transferred to other establishments in the same sector for further processing.
- **48** Similarly, the input indexes for ANZSIC subdivisions and groups (table 14) measure changes in prices of materials used by establishments classified to each defined ANZSIC manufacturing sector which are purchased or transferred in from establishments outside that sector. These exclude intermediate transactions in materials produced by establishments within the specific sector and sold or transferred to other establishments in the same sector for further processing.
- **49** It is important to note that the manufacturing division output and input indexes, and the corresponding subdivision/group indexes, are independent constructs. As such, a division index cannot be derived by simply weighting together the separate subdivision and group indexes as the latter net sector indexes are not a straightforward decomposition of the broader net sector index.
- **50** The items included in the manufacturing indexes reflect the values of articles produced and materials used based on an analysis of detailed input–output tables; 1993–94 for the output indexes and 1989–90 for the input indexes.
- **51** The index structures and weighting patterns are shown in Appendix A of the September quarter 2000 issue of the former publication *Price Indexes of Articles Produced by Manufacturing Industry, Australia* (cat. no. 6412.0), and Appendix A of the July 1996 issue of the former publication Price Indexes of *Materials Used in Manufacturing Industries, Australia* (cat. no. 6411.0).
- **52** The construction industry producer price indexes relate to the outputs (e.g. buildings) and the inputs (i.e. materials used) of establishments classified to designated sectors of the Australian construction industry. They are important sources of data for the SOP index.
- Table 15 presents the Price Index of the Output of the General Construction Industry, and Table 16 presents price indexes of the outputs of the constituent industries of this ANZSIC subdivision. Tables 17 and 18 present the Price Index of Materials Used in House Building and tables 19 and 20 present the Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building (discontinued after June quarter 2004). The pricing basis is basic prices for the output indexes and purchasers' prices for the input indexes (see paragraphs 4-8 above). Therefore, as far as possible, builders' selling prices are reflected in the output index and delivered on site prices in the input indexes.
- **54** The output indexes are calculated on the reference base 1998-99=100.0 and the input indexes on the reference base 1989-90=100.0.
- 55 The Price Index of the Output of the General Construction Industry (table 15) measures changes in prices of the output of ANZSIC subdivision 41 general construction. The price indexes in table 16 measure changes in the price of the output of constituent groups and classes of this subdivision. These groups and classes are: the building construction group (411), which consists of the classes house construction (4111), residential building construction n.e.c. (4112) and non-residential building construction (4113); and the non-building construction group (412), with the class of road and bridge construction (4121). Road and bridge construction is the sole contributor to the index for non-building construction until coverage can be extended to include the class of non-building construction n.e.c. (4122), which consists of railways, telecommunications, electricity infrastructure, etc.

Items and weights

CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY
PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES
Introduction

Scope

Scope continued

- 56 The first input index measures changes in prices of materials used in house building, where a house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long-term residential purposes and consisting of only one dwelling unit. ANZSIC class 4111 (house construction) approximates the industry scope of the index.
- **57** The second input index measures changes in prices of materials used in other forms of building with a scope approximating ANZSIC class 4112 (residential building construction n.e.c.) and class 4113 (non-residential building construction), together.
- **58** Neither of the input indexes explicitly cover alterations, additions, renovations and repairs. They each relate to the statistical division for each State capital city.

Items and weights

- **59** The items included in the output indexes are chosen on the basis of work done, categorised by building function or type of construction and State of activity, as recorded in the ABS Construction Activity statistics for the five years ending 1998-99.
- 60 The items and weights for the price index of materials used in house building were derived from reported quantities of each material used in selected representative houses in the three years ending 2002-03. The weighting pattern for each capital city index will reflect variations in prices for the cities as applied to an Australian average basket of house building materials, with some allowance for city specific building practices e.g. the differential use of steel and timber materials in Perth and Adelaide compared with the other capital cities. The weighting patterns for the price index of material used in house building are set out in Appendix 2 of the September quarter 2005 issue of *Producer Price Indexes, Australia* (cat. no. 6427.0). Note that the weights shown are values based on the quantities of various materials used in house building over the 3 years ended 2002-03, valued at September quarter 2005 prices.

MINING INDUSTRY PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES

- **61** Table 21 presents Price Indexes of Materials Used in Coal Mining. The pricing basis of the index is purchasers' prices (see paragraphs 4–8) and, as far as possible, the prices included in the index are for items delivered to the mine site or to the primary storage area for a group of mines.
- **62** The items included in the indexes reflect the value of materials used in the operation of open cut and underground coal mines in Australia during 1999–2000. The index structures and weighting patterns are available on request.
- **63** The indexes are calculated on the reference base 1989-90=100.0.

SERVICE INDUSTRIES
PRODUCER PRICE INDEXES
Introduction

- 64 Tables 22–25 present producer price indexes for the output of the transport (freight) & storage division, and the property & business services division of the ANZSIC. Included are index numbers for each of the divisions and subdivisions. Transport indexes presented cover freight and services to transport activities only, i.e. passenger transport is excluded. The pricing basis of the indexes is basic prices (see paragraphs 4–8), and so the prices used in the index relate to the amount received by the service provider. The indexes are important sources of data for the SOP indexes. The index numbers are calculated on the reference base 1998–99=100.0.
- **65** These indexes represent the results to date of a program to progressively extend the scope of the producer price indexes into the service sectors of the economy. First results from the program were published in March 1999, by way of experimental indexes, in the ABS *Information Paper: Producer Price Index Developments* (cat. no. 6422.0).

66 The transport (freight) & storage division and property & business services division indexes measure changes in prices of services provided by establishments classified respectively to ANZSIC division I, transport (freight) & storage and ANZSIC division L, property & business services. Index numbers for these divisions are provided in tables 22 and 24 respectively.

Scope

Scope continued

Items and weights

Price measurement

Future developments

INDEX NUMBERS

67 Tables 23 and 25 contain index numbers for the subdivisions of ANZSIC division I, transport (freight) & storage, and the subdivisions and groups of ANZSIC division L, property & business services, respectively. Indexes at the ANZSIC group and class level for division I, and the ANZSIC class level for division L, are also available on the ABS web site <a href="http://www.abs.gov.au">http://www.abs.gov.au</a> under catalogue 6427.0, in tables 45 and 46 respectively. Note that some ANZSIC classes within these divisions do not yet have established indexes, and thus are not represented within these tables.

- **68** ANZSIC class indexes are aggregated to the relevant group, subdivision and division using weights derived from 1996–97 input-output domestic production values, in combination with data from other ABS surveys and industry sources. Where ANZSIC class indexes have not yet been developed, their weight is spread proportionately across the relevant group, subdivision or group of subdivisions dependent on an assessment of what is most appropriate given the activities of the particular class.
- **69** The development of these new price collections has involved a wide range of diverse industries with different measurement problems. Accordingly, extensive consultation with industry associations and individual businesses has been undertaken to determine the most viable approach, on a case-by-case basis.
- **70** Characteristics found within the services sector of the economy have complicated the task of price measurement.
- **71** The tendency within many industries to provide unique, one-off services tailored to the needs of individual customers has posed difficulties in establishing continuity of pricing to constant quality.
- **72** The 'bundling' of a range of different component services within the one transaction or contract has required investigation of the feasibility of 'unbundling', that is, obtaining separate prices for each of the components of the total service. Where this has not proven to be feasible, the whole service bundle has been priced in total.
- **73** Respondent businesses are asked to report details of any discounts they offer so that actual transactions prices can be calculated. However, as discounts are sometimes negotiated between individual buyers and sellers in relation to particular transactions, identifying discounts has not always been straightforward.
- **74** The deregulation of some service industries leads to structural changes and more complex pricing practices. To deal with this, samples are continually updated to incorporate new businesses and pricing methodologies are reviewed over time.
- 75 It is planned to make available indexes for the majority of remaining ANZSIC classes within the transport (freight) & storage division and property & business services division after they have been developed from experimental to production status. At such time these new indexes would contribute to the broader group, subdivision and division indexes presented in this publication. Those ANZSIC classes for which development of a price index is not considered feasible will continue to have their weight distributed for aggregation purposes as described in paragraph 68. Work has also commenced on developing indexes for other divisions of the ANZSIC.
- **76** Index numbers for financial years are simple averages of the relevant quarterly index numbers.
- 77 Indexes for the Price Index of Materials Used in House Building and the Price Index of Materials Used in Building Other than House Building are presented separately for each of the six State capital cities. These city indexes measure price movements over time for each city. They do not measure differences in price levels between cities.

ANALYSIS OF INDEX CHANGES

- **78** Care should be exercised when interpreting quarter-to-quarter movements in the indexes as short-term movements do not necessarily indicate changes in trend.
- **79** Movements in indexes from one period to another can be expressed either as changes in 'index points' or as percentage changes. The following example illustrates the method of calculating index points changes and percentage changes between any two periods:
- **80** Stage of Production: Final commodities index numbes —

December quarter 2006 123.9 (see table 1) less December quarter 2005 119.7 (see table 1)

Change in index points 4.2

Percentage change  $4.2/119.7 \times 100 = 3.5\%$ 

- **81** Tables 5, 6 and 7 provide analyses of the index points contribution which ANZSIC groups make to the stage of production final commodities indexes, in total, and then separately for domestic and imported commodities. For example, in table 5 petroleum refining contributed 3.10 index points to the Total Final commodities index number of 123.9 for December quarter 2006 and –0.64 index points to the net change of 0.3 index points between September and December quarters 2006.
- **82** Tables 8 and 9 analyse the contributions to the intermediate and preliminary commodities index numbers, respectively.
- **83** Similar contribution tables are available on request for most of the industry sector indexes.

FURTHER INFORMATION

**84** Further information on recent price index developments in the ABS is presented in the following publications:

Information Paper: Producer and International Trade Price Indexes; Concepts, Sources and Methods, 2006, cat. no. 6429.0

An Analytical Framework for Price Indexes in Australia, cat. no. 6421.0

Producer Price Index Developments, cat. no. 6422.0

Review of the Import Price Index and Export Price Index, Australia, cat. no. 6424.0

Price Indexes and The New Tax System, cat. no. 6425.0

Information Paper: The Introduction of Hedonic Price Indexes for Personal Computers, 2005, cat. no. 6458.0

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

**85** Users may also wish to refer to the following related publications, which are available from ABS bookshops:

International Trade Price Indexes, Australia, cat. no. 6457.0

Consumer Price Index, Australia, cat. no. 6401.0

Labour Price Index, Australia, cat. no. 6345.0

Australian National Accounts, Input-Output Tables, cat. no. 5209.0

Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia, cat.no.5302.0

**86** Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site <a href="http://www.abs.gov.au">http://www.abs.gov.au</a>. The ABS also issues a daily *Release Advice* on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead.

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ISSN 1445 2618

RRP \$28.00